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VOL. 15 VICTORIA, B. C., WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 19, 1891. NO. 43

THE LEADING TAILOR.

"The Leading Victoria Tailors are D. Campbell & Co. Have you tried them?"

"Yes, I had a suit made by D. Campbell & Co. and it was an excellent fit."

"But how about the price?"

"They are cheapest in the city. My suit cost $30 and looked as well as a $40 suit made elsewhere."

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NEWS FROM THE STATES

HEAVY MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SUITS.

Circulation of Counterfeit Dollars—Senator Stanford's Alleged Negro Colony Scheme—Damage by Fires—A Young Lady Shot at a Dance.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 19.—A suit involving several million dollars has been begun in the United States circuit court—the American Loan & Trust Company against the Gogebic Development Company. The defendant in 1887 executed to plaintiff a trust deed of a large amount of valuable mining property in Ashland county, Wis., to secure the payment of 2000 of its bonds of $1000 each, amounting in all to $2,000,000. This mortgage provided for the payment of 6 per cent. interest semi-annually and the principal in 1907, and also in case of default for six months in the payment of any instalment and on demand of the owners of the bonds to the amount of at least $160,000, the mortgagee should declare the whole amount of principal and interest due and payable, and proceed to foreclose. The complainant alleges that the defendant sold the whole $2,000,000 of bonds at par, and that there has been such default and demand. The answer admits the execution of the bond and mortgage, and that 500 of the bonds, amounting to $500,000, were sold and negotiated by defendant, but denies that the rest of the bonds were sold. The latter, it alleges, were wrongfully and fradulently parcelled out by the former officers of the company without any value being paid therefor, and that the present owners of them had full knowledge of such fraud.

Treacherously Shot.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 19.—While dancing at a ball at Sandy Creek, in Jackson parish, last night, Miss Matilda Addison was shot by Wm Murray, her partner in a waltz. Murray is a young man, and had been forcing his attentions on Miss Addison. He tried repeatedly to get her to dance with him, but she excused herself on various grounds. Murray became angry, and told some of the young men present that if she treated him that way again he would shoot her. Toward the end of the ball she accepted him as a partner. They were in the middle of the room and had just commenced waltzing when the report of a pistol was heard, and Miss Addison fell. Murray had fired the pistol without taking it from his pocket, and the latter was set on fire by the discharge. It was found the ball had struck the woman in the thigh, striking the bone and passing directly through. The young man was arrested, but denied all intention of shooting.

The Jacksonville Fire.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Aug. 18.—A path of smouldering ruins, two blocks wide and six blocks long, extending from Bay street to Beaver street, and one block on each side, is the result of the fire which started at midnight. It caught in R. D. Knight & Co's grocery, adjoining the large Hubbard building, and in a very short time the block was a mass of flames. Thence they were carried diagonally across to the Tremont hotel, and thence to Colbridge's large block, in which the Seminole Club is domiciled. The fire spread on all sides, being fanned by a stiff breeze. Firemen worked hard throughout, but nothing could stay the flames until they were exhausted for want of material. They were stopped at Beaver street, on North Laura street on the west and on Ocean street on the east, at 7 o'clock this morning. Over twenty-five business houses were burned and over forty dwellings. Loss about a million dollars; insurance half that amount.

An Abduction Case.

HAVERSTRAW, N. Y., Aug. 19.—Justice Herring of this place issued a warrant for the arrest of David M. Jaccard, a wealthy ranch owner of Hillsdale, on a charge of abducting Clara Way Rawson, the fifteen-year-old daughter of Prof. Albert L. Rawson, of New York. The girl is said to be a granddaughter of Laura Keene, the famous actress. Jaccard, who is 50 years of age, is said to own several ranches in the West. He first met the girl while on a visit to Hillsdale. She is a handsome blonde. This was in November last, and the couple ran away from Hillsdale and were supposed to have been married. Prof. Rawson succeeded in getting his daughter away from Jaccard, and took her to his home. The girl recently disappeared, and Jaccard is accused of having abducted her. When Jaccard was taken before Justice Herring he gave bonds to await trial.

Schooner Ethel Seized.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 17.—Capt. Hopper, commanding the United States steamship Corwin, reports to Capt. Shepard, chief of the Revenue Marine Service of the Treasury department, the capture near Seal Island, July 28, of the schooner Ethel from San Diego, Cal. Prior to seizing the Ethel, Capt. Hooper had warned the vessel to leave and left copies of the President's proclamation to that effect. Within three hours afterwards firing was heard from the vessel and when the Corwin bore down on her, near the Ethel was a school of seals, and with lowered boats the men were slaughtering them right and left.

The Union Pacific.

NEW YORK, Aug 18.—The Union Pacific Railway directors met to-day and issued the following statement: The holding of more than half of the floating debt of the Union Pacific Railway Company having assented to a plan for extending that debt by an issue of notes for three years, the board of directors of the company to-day passed the resolutions to put that into effect. It is proposed to issue sufficient three-year 4 per cent. notes to retire the entire floating debt of the company. J. Pierrepont Morgan, Edward King, J. A. Stewart, Alexander C. Cerf, L. Frederick and H. Ames, were appointed a committee to represent the creditors in the settlement of the matter.

Proposed Negro Colony.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 19.—Nothing has yet been learned of the report that Senator Stanford is interested in a scheme to colonize a large number of negroes in California within the next six months. Mr. Stanford is at present on his Vineland ranch, where he will remain for some days yet, and if he has done anything in the way of the setting up of a project such as above mentioned, he has kept his idea on the subject to himself. None of the Southern Pacific officials have ever heard him utter a word in this connection.

Fire at Cambridge, Massachusetts.

BOSTON, Aug. 19.—At Cambridge yesterday morning the Damon iron works were burned. The building is valued at $60,000. The entire loss to the Damon Iron Company, at an approximate estimate, is $200,000 on which there is a partial insurance. The Kendall machine shop adjoining was destroyed, the loss being $80,000 on the contents, and the insurance $50,000. The men employed at both places will lose tools valued at $10,000. The Harvard Dry Plate Company suffered a loss of $9000.

Big Foreclosure in Los Angeles.

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 19.—Suit has been begun in the Superior Court here by the Illinois Trust and Savings Bank of Chicago to foreclose the second mortgage on the plant of the Pacific Railway Cable Company of this city. The amount involved is $1,600,000 with accrued interest.

Committed Suicide.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., Aug. 19.—John S. Wilson, Jr., of this city, committed suicide in Chicago to-day. He was the son of Colonel J. S. Wilson, general superintendent of the Western Union at Chicago, and until recently the travelling agent of the Central Bell telephone.

The Counterfeit Dollars.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Aug. 19.—Every bank in Memphis has received for two weeks spurious silver dollars. The coin bears the date 1862. The banks refuse to give the amounts of the bad coin on hand.

A Bandit Killed.

HAVANA, Aug. 19.—The bandit Thomas Cruz has been killed by soldiers near Bermeja, in the district of Matanzas.

ESQUIMALT DOCK.

Michael Starrs Withdrew on Sir Hector Langevin's Advice.

OTTAWA, Aug. 14.—Michael Starrs, of Ottawa, who tendered for the British Columbia graving dock, was the first witness heard before the Privileges and Elections Committee this morning. In answer to questions by Mr. Mulock he stated that in tendering he was a competitor with Larkin, Connolly & Co., and withdrew his tender because it was too low.

Mr. Mulock—Was it ever suggested to you that you should withdraw your tender?

Witness (very reluctantly)—Not for the first tender.

Mr. Mulock—Well, any tender; did any one suggest that you withdraw your second tender after new tenders were called for?

Witness—Yes.

Mr. Mulock—Who made that suggestion?

Witness—Am I bound to answer that?

The Chairman—You must answer very question.

Witness—Well, it was Sir Hector Langevin. (Sensation.) Proceeding, Mr. Starrs stated that Sir Hector had sent for him to come to his office, and when he arrived Sir Hector and Perley were there. Sir Hector reasoned with witness, urging him that he should withdraw his tender on the ground that it was too low and that witness would certainly lose money if he undertook a contract in British Columbia. At last witness agreed to take back his tender and his deposit check was returned to him. Witness said he saw that Sir Hector was opposed to his taking the contract, and to please Sir Hector he acted on his advice.

Port Crescent Matters.

PORT CRESCENT, Wash., Aug. 15.—Work on the breakwater is proceeding with unusual activity. 455 feet is now finished and the manager, Mr. John E. Lutz, has an extra force of men at work this week. The Port Crescent Improvement Company is preparing to build another large hotel here. The plans are already completed and work will commence about the middle of next month. The Port Crescent Mill Company is running overtime, but is a long way behind with orders. This company employs quite a number of men and the management is under the control of Mr. J. C. Haddock. The Port Crescent Improvement Company will commence laying the water pipes next month, when the city will have the finest system of water works of any on the Pacific coast. The line will run from the lower end of Lake Crescent or the source of Lyre river, where the company has bought 40 acres of land in order to control the water of the lake. Quite a number of sales of acreage property have recently been made in the vicinity of Port Crescent. Messrs. S. J. Lutz & Co., have opened up a new store in the southern addition, with Mr. W. T. Miller as manager. The large appropriation made for the county roads will be a great thing for this city, as it will open up a country for more than fifty miles of which the only outlet is Port Crescent. Mr. A. E. Tower, proprietor of the Pioneer store, returned from Seattle Monday. A large number of visitors were in town this week.

Stop Paying Rent.

As a home can be secured from the owners on time, No. 9 Trounce avenue. $100 down and $25 a month and be paying for a home. Call and have a talk with Young, Bartlett & Co., No. 9 Trounce Avenue.

Christie Brown's Fruit, Round and Sultana Cakes. Dixi H. Ross & Co.

FRENCHMEN WELCOMED.

HEARTY RECEPTION OF THE VISITING FLEET.

Elaborate Entertainment Prepared—The Queen and the Battenberg Family—Strengthening the British Navy—Advance in the Price of Flour.

LONDON, Aug. 19.—The French fleet, under Admiral Gervais, arrived to-day off the east end of the Isle of Wight, where it was met by the Channel squadron, with the vessels attached, under command of Admiral Sir Michael Seymour. The British vessels were gaily decorated with flags, and salutes were exchanged. The English fleet escorted the French vessels through Spithead Roads to Cowes, opposite Osborne Palace, the marine residence of the Queen. To-morrow the Queen, accompanied by the Duke of Edinburgh and the Duke of Connaught, will inspect the French vessels in Osborne Bay, and in the evening Admiral Gervais, and probably some of the officers of the squadron, will dine with Her Majesty at Osborne. While the reception of the French fleet is likely to be cordial and hospitable, there will be nothing like the almost frantic enthusiasm of the Russian visit, so that Admiral Gervais will, it is expected, have no embarrassing explanations to make for the benefit of the Czar. The Russian press has already declared that the visit will make no difference in the relations between France and Russia. Portsmouth is thronged with visitors, and both the authorites and people of the town, who have pleasant recollections of the last visit of a French fleet to the town in 1865, are anxious to make the visitors happy. No effort is being spared by the mayor to show the thoroughness of his welcome, and many men are employed in preparation for the civil entertainment, the Town Council having voted £300 to assist the mayor in meeting expenses.

THE COPENHAGEN GATHERING.

The Princess of Wales started to day in the royal yacht from Sheerness for the family party at Copenhagen, where she will be joined in about a fortnight by the Prince. The King of Greece, who is a son of the King of Denmark and brother of the Princess of Wales, has already arrived in Copenhagen with his two sons, and the Czar and Czarina are expected there about Friday or Saturday. Crown Prince Frederick of Denmark, with his Swedish wife, Louise, who is over six feet in height, is at home to meet the party.

THE QUEEN'S HIGHLAND VISIT.

Queen Victoria will go to Balmoral after the French entertainment. There is said to be some doubt whether she will be accompanied as usual by the Battenbergs. Prince Henry and Princess Beatrice are perfectly willing to go, but the Queen has of late been very much annoyed by the latest Battenberg baby, aged two years and two months. This baby is named Prince Leopold, after the Queen's departed son, and like Leopold he has already shown an alarming tendency to fits. The Queen thinks the infant should remain in England to be doctored, and that his father and mother should stay too. Prince Henry wants to go to Scotland and do some grouse shooting. As for Beatrice, she also wants to go with her mother, who has been her life-long companion. The truth is said to be that the aged Queen is tired of the Battenberg babies, of whom there are three, and wants a rest.

THE BRITISH NAVY.

In connection with the visit of the French fleet, it is stated officially that the strength of the British naval squadrons abroad has been increased within five years from 96 vessels with a tonnage of 205,842, manned by 18,075 officers and men, to 110 vessels with a tonnage of 306,198 and a complement of 23,857, and still the increase goes on with the declared purpose of making the fleet of England equal to the fleets of any two first-class powers.

FLOUR ADVANCES.

The Corn Millers' Association of Leeds has advanced flour 18 pence, making three shillings advance in two weeks.

A VILLAGE DESTROYED.

A Vienna dispatch announces the partial destruction of the village of Kollman by a cloud burst. Half of the houses were destroyed and many people and cattle drowned.

The Welsh Festival Flooded.

SWANSEA, Aug. 18.—The Welsh Eisteddfod, or national festival, began to-day. During the proceedings a sudden and violent storm arose; a cloudburst deluged the amphitheatre where the exercises were being held, and a heavy wind caused the canvas of the pavilion to collapse. The tent house and the people within the structure were thoroughly soaked with rain. A stampede occurred, but no one was injured. After an interval of several hours, in which repairs were made, the proceedings were resumed.

Another Collision.

BERLIN, Aug. 19.—Two passenger trains, going at full speed, collided yesterday at a point between Ostrowo, Prussia, and Loswitz. Ten persons were killed and many injured. The coals from the locomotives set fire to the wreck and terrible scenes were witnessed, some of the injured being burned to death before the eyes of the rescuers.

Gold in Eastern Bokhara.

MOSCOW, Aug. 19.—A dispatch from the province of Zerafsban, Asiatic Russia, states that Captain Barchewsky, the explorer, arrived there from his expedition into Eastern Bokhara. The captain reports he there discovered large deposits of gold, lead, iron and petroleum.

The musical and dramatic entertainment in behalf of the Cedar Hill Church building fund is fixed for the evening of the 3rd of September.

CAPT. JOHN PALMER.

The Newly Elected Commander-in-Chief of the Grand Army of the Republic.

Captain John Palmer, who has just been elected at Detroit Commander-in-Chief of the Grand Army of the Republic to succeed Gen. Veazey, was born en Staten Island, N.Y., in 1842. He enlisted in the Ninety-First New York Volunteers September 10, 1861, and was

constantly with that regiment until it was mustered out in 1865, taking part in all its engagements. He was seriously injured at the battle of Five Forks. Since the war he has been engaged in the fresco painting and decorating business at Albany and had the contract for the decorating of the new State Capitol. At the National Encampment held in Boston last summer, Captain Palmer was Chairman of the Committee on Resolutions. He was one of the originators of the Soldiers' and Sailors' Home at Bath, Steuben County, which was built by private contributions under the auspices of the Grand Army of the State. In the face of great difficulties and opposition he raised a large sum of money in Albany and the building was finally completed and turned over to the State.

NANAIMO NEWS.

A Bachelors' Social—Labor Day in Nanaimo—Another Paper Proposed.

NANAIMO, Aug. 19.—The bachelors' social given on the "Green" last evening by the principal young men of this city, must be pronounced a decided success. A large number of invitations had been extended to the fair sex, and the response exceeded the most sanguine expectations, the result was that the number of ladies far exceeded the number of gentlemen, a fact which has not previously occurred at the social gatherings given in this city. The dance was kept up in a very lively manner and the music furnished by the Diamond City orchestra was most charming, and enticed many of the young ones present to keep continually on their feet. Refreshments were served on the platform, and there was everything that it was possible for the dancers to require. The cordiality of the bachelors and the manner in which they attended to their guests will long be remembered, so that if they should decide to give anything of a like description again, a good word is sure to be spoken in their behalf.

LABOR DAY IN NANAIMO.

Arrangements are being made on an extensive scale to make labor day in Nanaimo next month the most conspicuous event that has yet taken place in this city. The procession is already estimated to be a larger one by far than the procession of last year, and all the trades will take part in it this year. There will be a number of speeches made during the early part of the afternoon by some of the principle men in the city and after that will follow the sports of various descriptions and a grand dance will wind up the event in the evening.

ANOTHER PAPER.

One of the leading business men of Nanaimo is endeavoring to raise sufficient capital to start another paper in city. The Miners' Association have apparently dropped the idea they entertained of publishing a weekly paper, and so the matter remains for some one else to take it in hand. Whether the present undertaking will arrive at maturity remains to be seen.

LITTLE HAPPENINGS.

The wrestling match between McLeod and Archies at Wellington to-morrow night promises to be an exciting affair.

F. Peck has issued a challenge to run Suggett again for the stakes of the recent race which was declared a draw.

WHARF AND WAVE.

Jottings of Interest to Marine Men Concisely Compiled.

Steamer Emma arrived last evening from Vancouver.

Steamer Harry Lynn arrived from San Juan last evening with several passengers and left again this morning.

British bark Queen Victoria, Capt. Holmes, arrived from Cardiff last evening with coal for the navy. She was 123 days out.

To-Day's Anniversaries.

Born—Elizabeth Stuart, 1596.
John Flamsteed, 1646.
Died—Judge J. S. Black, 1883.
Augustus Cæsar, 14 A.D.
Count Rumford, 1814.
Pascal, 1662.
Guerriere captured, 1812.

Wisdom's Violet Cream

Is the most exquisite preparation in the world for softening the hands and face. It is not only a substitute for, but in every respect superior to glycerine, cold cream, vaseline, and like preparations. Try it. D. E. Campbell, agent.

Mason's reliable glass or porcelain lined top fruit jars, all sizes. Tin top pails and agate preserving kettles, at Weiler Bros.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

SUPREME COURT.

Before the Chief Justice, Hon. Mr. Justice Crease, Hon. Mr. Justice McCreight, Hon. Mr. Justice Walkem, Hon. Mr. Justice Drake. Piel-Kearkan vs. The Queen.

Hon Mr. Justice Crease said:—

The object of the present writ of error is to try whether His Honor Judge Spinks, the judge of the County Court of Yale, had jurisdiction to try a felony at Donald, under the Speedy Trials Act, in the County of Kootenay, without a commission from the Governor-General, as County Court Judge also for the Province of Kootenay.

The facts are these: Mr. William Ward Spinks holds a commission from the Governor-General, as Judge of the County Court of Yale, the limits of which, as expressed in the commission, (in accordance with Section 5 of the County Court Act in the Consolidated Statutes of British Columbia, chapter 25, page 172), are: "The polling divisions of Cache Creek, Kamloops, Nicola Lake, Okanagan, and Rock Creek, of the Electoral District of Yale." By the same local act the County Court of Kootenay is established having jurisdiction "throughout the electoral district of Kootenay."

The questions which arise in this case are twofold.

(1.) Whether under the Speedy Trials Act Mr. Spinks, a County Court Judge for Yale, has jurisdiction to try and sentence a prisoner for felony in the County of Kootenay, without having a commission from the Governor-General as County Court Judge for Kootenay.

(2.) Whether, under the B. C. Act 53 Vict. c. 8, sec. 2 (1890), he had the necessary jurisdiction for the purpose.

That Act enacts: "That until a County Court Judge is appointed for Kootenay, the County Court Judge of Yale shall act as and perform the duties of County Court Judge for Kootenay, and shall, while so acting, have in respect to all matters and proceedings begun, carried on, in the County of Kootenay, all the powers and authorities that the judge of the County Court of Kootenay, if appointed and acting in the said district, would have possessed in respect of such actions, suits and proceedings." "And, for the purposes of this Act (it goes on to say), but not further, or otherwise," the two several county court districts before specified "shall be united."

The same point which is now raised first came up in the case of one Brady at the Spring Assize at Kamloops, but under circumstances which did not call for the consideration of this court.

By the writ of error, however, of Piel Kearkan, and the state of facts set forth in the pleadings now before us, the question of Mr. Spinks' jurisdiction to try a case under the Speedy Trials Act, in the County of Kootenay, while county judge for Yale, has come up in such shape as calls for adjudication.

By Dominion Statute, 51 Vict., c. 43 (1888), the Speedy Trials Act, having been found to work well in Ontario, Quebec and Manitoba, was extended into British Columbia; and in the interpretation clause the expression "judge" was declared to mean and include the Chief Justice or any puisne judge of the Supreme Court, or "a judge of a County Court" in British Columbia.

In 1890, by Dominion Statute, 53 Vict., c. 47, the Speedy Trials Act underwent amendment. By it in Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and Prince Edward Island, "the judge" was declared to mean and include "any judge of a County Court in the said respective Provinces," and no higher judge was named; while in British Columbia, as if to meet the question before us, it was declared that "the judge" should mean and include the Chief Justice or any puisne judge of the Supreme Court" or any judge of a County Court in British Columbia, words which are interchangeable with "any judge of any County Court" in the Province.

And it is not for a moment denied that Mr. Spinks is in every respect a judge of a County Court in British Columbia, and falls well within the wording of the above section.

It must not be forgotten that the Dominion Parliament had full power to pass such an Act, for by section 101 of the British North America Act, 1867, the Dominion Government has power to appoint any additional court in British Columbia for the administration of the laws of Canada, under which category the Speedy Trials Act comes.

It is a Dominion law in a Dominion matter.

And while by section 92, sub-section 14, of the British North America Act, the administration of justice and the constitution of courts were exclusively given to the Provincial Legislature, an exception was distinctly made of the powers retained in federal hands by section 101. I say retained because this provision has all the force of an exception out of a grant—a something never granted or parted with—as contrasted with a reservation—a something taken back out of what has been already given—a distinction not without significance.

The Dominion legislature, at the time of this amendment, must be considered to have been fully aware of all the circumstances upon which they were legislating.

They must be taken to have known what counties there are in the province like Kootenay, necessarily without a judge. And that if the Dominion Government made a new County Court judge for Kootenay they would be bound to insert the statutory obligation of a fixed residence within Kootenay while the Yale judge was still similarly bound to a fixed residence in Yale. They must presumably also have considered that such an expensive appointment was not yet called for by the circumstances of the country; and that they must make some general arrangement which would enable them to confer upon the scattered populations of all these outlying counties throughout Canada—Kootenay among them—the same benefits of the Speedy Trials Act as they had bestowed on New Brunswick, Manitoba, Nova Scotia and other parts of Canada. The main evil of non-residence of a County Court Judge in such a county as Kootenay, was the chief mischief they had to remedy. The impracticability of a judge residing in two counties at once (Yale and Kootenay) was necessarily in their minds. They had already found the Act succeed in several other provinces with scattered counties and scattered populations, and it was by no means surprising that they should apply the same means of giving prisoners a ready chance of avoiding a long imprisonment before trial, in the intervals between assizes, by the option of a speedy trial before a county court judge. Being therefore prepared to cure an admitted evil in British Columbia, the statute in question has to be construed as a remedial act.

Of such statutes *Endlich* in his *Interpretation of Statutes*, Ed. 1888, says: "They are to receive such a liberality of construction as will secure the attainment of the object of the legislature, suppress the mischief, and advance the remedy contemplated by the legislature; and this is all that liberal construction consists in—they are to be construed, giving the words the largest, fullest and most extensive meaning of which they are susceptible." It may be said being in a criminal matter the words of the act should be construed strictly; but the same authority commenting on *Maxwell on Statutes* observes: "It is true that a penal law must be construed strictly, and according to its letter, but this strictness, which has run into an aphorism, means no more than that it is to be interpreted according to its language. * * * Acts of this kind are not to be regarded as including anything which is not within the letter as well as their spirit." But this Act, although it deals with criminal matters, is a remedial rather than a penal statute, for its *ratio existendi* is to save perhaps an innocent person, from possibly, long imprisonment in the upper country, before he can be tried at the then next assize. Except as a beneficial and remedial act it was in nowise necessary because the criminal law of Canada already provides for the trial of every conceivable crime by the machinery of the courts of Oyer and Terminer at assizes at regular statutory, though somewhat distant, intervals.

The Speedy Trials act, as its name imports, is to provide an earlier, almost an immediate hearing for a prisoner should he so desire. His adoption of its provisions instead of waiting to be tried before a jury, is entirely voluntary and optional on his part. The act therefore is in the best acceptation of the word remedial. The court is there. The County Court Judges Criminal Court of Kootenay—seal—sheriff—deputy registrar and officers are all there—indeed everything is there ready for trials under this act, except the judge—and when we look for that, we find the kind of county judge contemplated by the legislature defined in words which it is impossible to misconstrue, in the statute which in section 2, enacts that the act may be carried out by "*any Judge of a County Court*" in the Province of British Columbia.

Mr. Spinks is undisputed County Judge for Yale, and therefore it appears to me (though some of my learned brethren think differently), is, and at the trial of Piel Ke-ar-Kan, was, the judge, within the meaning of the act, fully qualified as far as jurisdiction goes, to hold court in any part of British Columbia, including Kootenay, and therefore to try Piel Ke-ar-Kan in that county.

Mr. Spinks' notice was drawn to the fact of the arrest and the crime charged in the usual manner by the sheriff of Kootenay under section 6, as the nearest County Judge at hand to try the case.

The sheriff's notice did not pretend to confer jurisdiction. That was already given by statute. If the sheriff gives notice to one judge having jurisdiction, the case might be, and often has been, for convenience sake, tried by another judge having jurisdiction, and no question has ever arisen as to the legality of a trial under such circumstances. Nor has any one complained that the Supreme Court Judges trying Speedy Trial cases, and not furnished with a special commission covering the ground, from the Governor-General, were acting *ultra vires*. The Governor-General's formal assent to the act was sufficient without special commission (*Valin v. Langlois, Ritchie, c. j., 3 Supreme Court, Can. Appeals*) and so also in Quebec, Manitoba, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia.

The sheriff's notice was a ministerial act by a ministerial officer—a notification of a fact in the same way as he might have communicated the fact to any one of the five Supreme Court Judges, the same as he might have done to any other of the four County Court Judges readily available. The County Court Act provides for county work being done in a County, where, under certain circumstances, a County Judge is absent, by another County Judge, and the usual practice has been in County Court matters for neighboring judges to reciprocate similar good offices, and to be auxiliary to each other: and where no express charge is given by the statute to the contrary, the usual course (provided it does not run counter to the spirit of the Act) may be adopted, and will be sustained by the law, *Ea quæ frequentius accidunt jura subsecrientur*, and this was the course adopted here.

The notice was duly given to the nearest County Judge, the prisoner arraigned, the legal questions put to him, and the choice of trials given, as allowed to him by the Act; all proper forms and conditions for trial and sentence were observed, and, on proof of guilt, a term of imprisonment was imposed in lawful proportion to the offence.

This conclusive result having been obtained under the Dominion Statute, makes it unnecessary for me to enter into the second branch of the subject, namely, whether and how far Provincial legislation (particularly see Section 9 of the 53 Vict. (B.C.) c. 8, already quoted) supports Mr. Spinks' authority, or enlarges his jurisdiction over Kootenay for the purposes of the Speedy Trials Act. And, as I rely on that Act as being quite sufficient of itself for all the purposes of the Act, it becomes equally unnecessary to invoke the precedent in *re Parker*, cited by the Attorney-General from the December Law Times, or the strong judgment in the case of *Crowe v. McCurdy, 6 Nova Scotia Reports, 301*.

In my opinion no error has been shown; and as the Dominion Act appears to me to be clear and conclusive on the point at issue, and to have been duly followed, I consider and adjudge that the conviction of Piel Ke-ar-kan should be sustained and the sentence carried out.

HENRY P. PELLEW CREASE, J.

The declining powers of old age may be wonderfully recuperated and sustained by the daily use of Hood's Sarsaparilla.

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"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

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Victoria, Dec. 11, 1890. dec12-f

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RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 14.

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Saturday, May 9th, 1891.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS.	No. 1 Passenger Daily.	No. 3 Passenger and Sun.	Miles from Wellington.
	A.M. P.M.	P.M. A.M.	
WELLINGTON	9.30	2.00	0
NANAIMO	10.45	3.20	23
CHEMAINUS	11.14	3.54	38
SOMENOS	11.30	4.10	43
DUNCANS	11.50	4.30	51
KOKSILAH	12.00	4.40	55
McPHERSON'S	12.07	4.47	58
COBBLE HILL	12.11	4.51	60
SHAWNIGAN LAKE	12.19	4.59	64
GLENORA	12.28	5.08	69
COWICHAN	12.35	5.15	73
QUAMICHAN	12.40	5.20	76
BURNSLAND	12.45	5.25	79
ROBERTS	12.53	5.33	83
ESQUIMALT	1.10	5.50	91
VICTORIA	1.30	6.10	98
	P.M.	A.M.	

GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.	No. 2 Passenger Daily.	No. 4 Passenger Sun.	Miles from Victoria.
	A.M. P.M.	P.M. A.M.	
VICTORIA	8.30	3.00	0
ESQUIMALT	8.50	3.20	7
ROBERTS	9.00	3.30	15
BURNSIDE	9.05	3.35	18
GLENORA	9.13	3.43	23
COBBLE HILL	9.22	3.52	28
McPHERSON'S	9.26	3.56	30
KOKSILAH	9.33	4.03	34
DUNCANS	9.43	4.13	42
SOMENOS	9.53	4.23	47
CHEMAINUS	10.10	4.40	55
NANAIMO	11.15	5.45	92
WELLINGTON	11.35	6.05	102
	A.M.	P.M.	

ON SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a single fare, good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for three days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a single fare, where such fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt
H. M. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent
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Northern Pacific RAILROAD

Is the line to take

TO ALL POINTS EAST AND SOUTH.

It is the Dining Car Route.

It runs Through Vestibuled Trains

Every day in the year to St. Paul and Chicago (change of cars) composed of

DINING CARS, unsurpassed,

PULLMAN DRAWING ROOM SLEEPERS, of latest equipment,

TOURIST SLEEPING CARS, best that can be constructed, and in which accommodations are Free to holders of First or Second-class Tickets, and

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121 First St., cor Washington, Portland, Or.
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TABLE OF SAILING.

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Steamships.	Arrive Victoria About.	Leave Victoria.
PARTHIA		Aug. 29
EMPRESS OF JAPAN	Sept. 1	Sept. 9
EMPRESS OF INDIA	Sept. 22	Sept. 30
EMPRESS OF CHINA	Oct. 13	Oct. 21
EMPRESS OF JAPAN	Nov. 3	*Nov. 11
EMPRESS OF INDIA	Dec. 1	Dec. 16
EMPRESS OF CHINA	Dec. 29	Jan. 13

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THE OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY

CARRYING UNITED States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot Folsom street,

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S.S. ZEALANDIA, Tuesday, Aug. 25th.
S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Tuesday, Sept. 8 1891, 2 p.m.

For Honolulu, Auckland and Sydney, Without Change.

The Splendid New 3,300 ton Iron Steamer Australia ..... THURSDAY, Sept. 17th, 1891, 4 p. m. Or immediately on arrival of the English mails.

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STEAMER ISABEL

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after November 19th, '89, Until further notice, The Steamer ISABEL will sail as follows:

CALLING AT WAY PORTS:

Leave Victoria for Nanaimo.....Tuesday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or passage apply on board. oct7

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CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO., (LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE No. 14,

Taking effect June 25, 1891.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 2 o'clock, a.m.
Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 12 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 3 train.

New Westminster Route.

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 12 o'clock; Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 1 going East Monday.)
For Pioneer Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.
For Moresby Island Friday at 7 o'clock.
LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria, Monday at 12 o'clock, Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Pioneer Pass Saturday at 7 o'clock.

Fraser River Route.

Steamers leave New Westminster for Chilliwack and Way Landings every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Ft. Simpson and intermediate ports on the 1st and 16th of each month. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 27th of each month.

Bute Inlet Route.

Steamer Rainbow leaves alternate Fridays for Comiakin, New Westminster, Burrard Inlet, Bute Inlet and way ports.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification. Steamers leave on Standard Time.

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G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

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Wood Cut and Chopped for $1.50 per Cord.

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No one is authorized to sell wood for me.

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SEE OUR RANGE OF

LIGHT SUMMER UNDERWEAR, in Balbriggan, Silk, Lisle Thread, Merino, Cotton, Natural Wool, Etc.

PRICES FROM $1.00 PER SUIT UPWARD. THE FINEST ASSORTMENT IN THE CITY.

THE HUDSON'S BAY CO.

ANNUAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS.

Sir Donald Smith's Statement—A Poor showing for the Year—Fur and General Trade Operations Turn Out Badly—Land Sales Profitable.

A General Court of the Governors and Company of Adventurers of England, trading into Hudson's Bay, was held on Wednesday, July 22, at the Cannon Street Hotel, Sir Donald Smith, K.C.M.G. (Governor) presiding. The attendance of proprietors was large.

The chairman in his address said: The report gives, I think, a clear and accurate statement of the transactions for the outfit and year with which it deals. We are greatly concerned, I need hardly say, to come before you with so poor an exhibit, and our only consolation—if it be a consolation at all—is the feeling that the causes of this bad result were beyond our control, and, as we believe, beyond the control of our officers in Canada. The profits for the year, you have no doubt observed, are £10,490, and there is brought forward £29,864, making altogether £40,354, which, after the usual deducted £22,300 representing the dividend of 8s. 6d. per share, or 2½ per cent., which we recommend, leaving the sum of £28,800 to be carried forward. The bad results of the year's working are owing mainly to three causes—first, the poor out-turn of the trade; second, the great sickness and mortality among the Indians; and third, the small amount of land sold. With regard to the first of these causes I may say that although the sales of last March were in some respects better than those of the former year, yet in one of the most important articles dealt with, namely martens, there was a very unfortunate falling off in the price obtained. If we go back thirty years and look at the first fifteen years of that period the average price obtained for martens was 25s. 6d.; while for the last fifteen years the price has been barely 10s. Similarly the price of minks has declined from 12s. 6d. to 4s. 1d. It may be said that this being the case we ought to give less for our furs. Unhappily it is impossible to do so. Indeed, I may tell you that when you were getting as much as 22s., or even 20s., for martens over here, you had not to pay so much for them in Canada as you do at the present day. This is due to the competition which we now have to contend against, and which has increased very greatly in recent years. In the second place, there has been very great suffering among the Indians, and this necessitated a greatly increased expenditure of imported provisions and a consequent larger increase in the expenses of conducting the business. In former days it was a comparatively simple thing to carry on our trade and make good profits when we enjoyed what was practically an absolute monopoly, but now we have competition of every kind to face. In Winnipeg, in Victoria, and at all other points there are dealers ready to give the highest prices for furs, and we, of course, have to meet this by giving as high prices as may be warranted by the state of the market. I do not mean to say that our officers purchase the furs in a haphazard way without trying to get them at the lowest possible figures, but the prices we have to give in some cases yield such infinitesimally small profits that they go a very little way indeed towards the payment of a dividend. To all this, of course, your directors have not been blind. We have sent inspectors into the country to report in what directions economies can be effected, and, further, we have acted on the principle of giving up every post or station where it seems certain that no profit can be made. (Hear, hear.) It may be said that if the fur trade has been so unprofitable as a whole it would be better to give it up altogether. (Hear, hear.) I think, however, that if the proprietors who hold that view were acquainted with all the circumstances they would modify that opinion very considerably. In fact I venture to say that were you to attempt to abandon abruptly the whole fur trade you would lose more than half the capital embarked in it. It is not as if you could put the trade up to auction. You would have no buyer if you did, and the result would be that a very large portion of your goods and establishments would be sacrificed. Such being the case, we have thought it wisest in your interests to look narrowly into all the circumstances of the trade, and, as I have said, to give up only those posts which yield no profit whatever; and while we regret that circumstances render it necessary to pursue this course, I may say that we are not without hope of a better state of things in the future. (Hear, hear.) There are indications, for instance, that martens and minks are rising in price, a result which will probably be contributed to very materially by the diminution in the number of fur seals thrown on the market next year, in consequence of the arrangement come to between this country and the United States in connection with Behring Sea. You have seen the report that the Board has appointed Mr. C. C. Chipman to the position of Trade Commissioner in succession to Mr. Wrigley. Mr. Chipman is a gentleman in whom we have much confidence. He has been engaged in many important matters, and has a thorough knowledge of accounts, which will be of the utmost assistance to him in conducting the business. With regard to the land sales, you observe that the sales of farm lands amounted to 17,442 acres for 100,677 dols., and of 139 town lots for 104,626 dols., yielding in all 205,297 dols., as compared with 242,761 dols. for the year ending 31st March, 1890. The cause of this decline must be sought largely in the indifferent harvests of 1889, and the depressed condition of business in general throughout Canada which, no doubt, prevented many from becoming purchasers of our lands who otherwise would have taken them up. As I have frequently stated at former meetings, the best purchasers of our lands are those farmers who, having taken up free homesteads from the Government, are anxious to have adjacent lands belonging to the Company for themselves and their relatives. The actual price obtained per acre, you will see, is somewhat better than that of the year before, namely, 5 dols. 87 cents per acre as against 5 dols. 75 cents in 1890. In this connection I should like to remind you that as far as our lands are concerned we are purely a land company and differ in this respect from railway companies owning land, who can afford to part with their lands at lower prices because they know that it means increased traffic on their lines, which will in this way yield them a greatly increased annual revenue—far beyond any profit derived from the sales of their land. We, on the other hand, having no such advantages, must wait until we can get prices satisfactory and remunerative in themselves. Just now there are indications of a good harvest. The same has been said in former years, but unhappily in several instances the promise of the spring and early summer has not been borne out by the result of the harvest. This season, however, it is generally agreed in the Northwest that there is all but a certainty of such abundant crops as they have not had for many years, and should it turn out so, as I sincerely trust may be the case, it will affect very favorably not only your own land sales, but your general business. I think I have now given all necessary explanations, but I shall, of course, be pleased as far as I can to answer any enquiries which you may put to me. In the meantime I beg to move that the report and accounts be received and adopted. (Cheers.)

Viscount Anson (Deputy-Governor) seconded the motion.

Mr. McLean thought the report and accounts were thoroughly unsatisfactory. They had $900,000 capital invested in the trading branch of their business, but instead of that branch showing a profit it ate up £14,000 of income derived from interest on debentures and dividends on investments. The £16,000 so-called profit put down in the accounts came from their land sales, and properly regarded was not profit at all. He thought the main causes of failure were extravagance and mismanagement. There was too much spent on salaries; the sums of £7,500 for warehouse rent, etc., and £4,000 on office rent and taxes, were also extravagant. Mr. McLean considered that the personnel of the board could be improved on, and he thought the selection of Lord Anson as Deputy-Governor a mistake. He also objected to the method of lumping together the results of the business of the company's stores and stations, which he thought should be given separately. With regard to the land, they had a balance transferred to the profit and loss account of £16,862, but the sales had been at a working expense, apart from taxes and surveys, of £4000. He ventured to say that was a most exorbitant sum for all the work and expenditure which need be incurred. No less than 10 per cent., in fact, of their land sales had gone in working expenses. One other land company he knew of sold land in the Northwest and kept the whole expenses incurred—salaries, commissions, and everything else—under 5 per cent. of the prices obtained. Had they done the same they should have spent £1760 instead of £4000. Mr. McLean, before closing, expressed a hope for better times, and commended the appointment of Mr. Chipman as Chief Commissioner.

Mr. Jacobs, of Birmingham, called for a change of management. Mr. Bovle and others supported the board, and the chairman replied at length to Mr. McLean's attack, after which the report and accounts were adopted, with only two dissentients.

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CAPITAL $500,000 (with power to increase). Divided into 10,000 Shares of $50.00 each.

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E. Crow Baker, Esq., Victoria.
C. T. Dupont, Esq., Victoria.
Thomas Earle, Esq. (Thos. Earle & Co.), Victoria, M.P., Merchant.
Thos. B. Hall, (Victoria and Montreal, "Mount Royal Milling and Manufacturing Company, Limited), Victoria, Manufacturer.
William Wilson, Esq. (W. & J. Wilson), Victoria, Merchant.
Henry Young, Esq. (Henry Young & Co.), Victoria, Merchant.

MANAGER:—J. Keith Wilson, Esq.

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Hood's Sarsaparilla
1. Purifies the blood.
2. Creates an appetite.
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4. Makes the weak strong.
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6. Cures scrofula, salt rheum, etc.
7. Invigorates the kidneys and liver.
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Per str. City of Kingston from the Sound—J Hill and wife, Miss Hill, Miss J Hill, Thos McGuire, Thos G Malby, M Fair, B Taylor, A W Myers, A H Kerr and wife, T M Kerr and wife, W Barrie, Miss Richards, Geo Shelldy, A J McLeod, C E Sansome, Miss P Day, Miss A Day, Geo Newman, A Grant, Capt W L Knight, L La Pointe, P C Jones and wife, Miss Jones, Gracie Jones, T Murray, A Missie, Miss Peterson, S A Erskine, A McIvor, W H Garri Graham, J A Cleary, M E Titus, R Ben Louser, W E Phillips, Andrew Allen, Miss Harris, A Walker and wife, R Davis, G F Winter, Miss Lyons, W H Lyons, J B Smart and wife, Mrs Knight, F C Baker and wife, A J Lawrence, T W Barthumpey, Mrs Walker, Albert Ostoff, J W Guy and wife, Mrs M Richardson, A Smith.

Per steamer Yosemite from Vancouver—Mrs Hicks, G Woods, Jno White, H J Scott, Thos E Ladner, S A Laidlaw, A Baymur, Rev A Lee and wife, Miss Lawson, C M Rubidge, Geo Cook, Jas Wilson, W Millington, D E Scott, Mrs Hall, W A Burton, L Barkley, G Harding, D F Maxwell, S S Gore, D Mathison, J McLennand, P Woods, Edith A Brown, W M Chadley and wife, W M Davis, C S Duncan, Jas Ramsay, W M Ramsay, C S Windsor, J H Innes, J Houston, E A Morris, Miss Abbott, Miss Freer, P Hennessy, J F Kent, Miss Lee, H N Godson, C G Hobson, Rev Mr Whiddon, A Wewling, Jos Couture, Mrs Pollard, Geo Burton, A E Mersland, C Counlee, Jno Campbell, K J Morgan, S H Gere, Miss Nevill, Chas E Woods, C Sim, Minnie A Gates, S A Clark, C Creighton, H C Duncan, J H Gegg.

CONSIGNEES.

Per str. City of Kingston from the Sound—Moore & Co, D R Ross, McLennan & McF, Wm Gibson, Yale & Ireland, W P Sayward, B Gordon, Simon Leiser, M W Waitt, A R McCrea, Mrs M E Wakely, Cloke & Johnson, Jas Stickneth, Hudson Bay Co, H Porter, Jas Baker.

Per steamer Yosemite from Vancouver—P Schwenger, L G Lewis, H Lupierre, S Leiser, E B Marvin, J Goodall, Fell & Co, Hudson Bay Co, John Burnsley, McLennan & McFeeley, J H Todd & Son, Yale & Brooks, Cowan & Wilson, C S Windsor, G E Hawes, H Saunders, J & A Clearihue, C Russell McDonald, Dom Ex Co.

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From 11:30 until 2 o'clock and Lowest Prices at the Bank Exchange.

For good value in cook stoves call on McLennan & McFeeley.

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GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION

A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 30 YEARS' TESTING. Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Brain, Poor Memory, Dizziness and all diseases caused by youthful indiscretion, or by excessive use of Tobacco, Opium or Wine. Guaranteed to cure when all other medicines fail. One box $1.00, six boxes $5.00. Manufactured by EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., Detroit, Mich. Sold and sent anywhere by mail by LANGLEY & CO., Victoria, B.C. 25-ly

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., Detroit, Mich. For sale by LANGLEY & CO., Victoria. nov1

A QUARTER OF A CENTURY AGO

There settled in Baker county, Oregon, near what is now Baker City, a man who has since become identified with the resources and development of that country. This man is no other than Mr. John Stewart, one of the wealthiest and most influential citizens in the county. In a recent letter he says: "I had been suffering from pains in my back and general kidney complaint for some time, and had used many remedies without any but temporary relief. The pains in my back had become so severe that I was prevented from attending to my work and could not move about without the use of a cane. Hearing through a friend, of the wonderful cures effected by Oregon Kidney Tea, I was induced to try a box, and from that very first dose I found instant relief, and before using half the contents of the box the pains in my back entirely disappeared. I have every faith in the virtues of the Oregon Kidney Tea, and can conscientiously recommend it to my friends. I would not be without it for anything."

Oregon Kidney Tea cures backache, incontinence of urine, brick dust sediment, burning or painful sensation while urinating, and all affections of the kidney or urinary organs of either sex.

CORRIG COLLEGE.

BEACON HILL PARK, VICTORIA.

Principal, and Professor of English and Science, J. W. CHURCH, M.A.
Professor of Mathematics and Classics, H. COWARD, M.A., LL.B.
Tutor in English and Mathematics, C. CARTWRIGHT, ESQ. (St. John's Coll.)
Physical Director, MR. HALL.
Matron, MRS. CARSON.

NOTICES.

COLLEGE DEPARTMENT—
Boarders assemble September 5th.
Day Boys assemble September 7th.

UNIVERSITY DEPARTMENT—
Ladies and Gentlemen preparing for the University matriculation assemble September 7th at 2:30 p.m.

The Principal is now daily at the College, receiving names and consulting with parents. au17-1m

Victoria Collegiate SCHOOL.

103 GOVERNMENT STREET.

PRINCIPAL—REV. L. B. PEGG, Greek Honorman, 1st Lat. Technology, Sc. Dip. Late School of Mines, and F. S. Sc. and Lit. London, etc.

DAY PUPILS ..... $6 per month
EVENING PUPILS ..... $5 per month

Adult Students can take Special Subjects

ANNIE WRIGHT SEMINARY

TACOMA, WASHINGTON.

Boarding and Day School for Girls.

The eighth year opens September 10th. For catalogue and admittance address

MRS. SARAH K. WHITE, Principal.

GLAZED WINDOWS FOR SALE.

JOSEPH SEARS

114 YATES STREET.

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JAPANESE BAZAAR

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PARISIAN MADE

Dolls: Fans: Corsets

Japanese Curios, Porcelains, Silks, etc., always on sale.

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Sainsbury's Celebrated Lavender Water.

—AND—

CHOICE MANILLA CIGARS.

T. S. FUTCHER,

41 FORT STREET, VICTORIA, B.C.

FOR SALE.

A BARGAIN

A BEAUTIFUL HOME

On the Work Estate. One block from Street Car. Apply to

R. F. TOLMIE, 22 Trounce Avenue. au10-tf

BUTTER! BUTTER!

RECEIVED WEEKLY

BY REFRIGERATOR CAR

CHOICE DAIRY BUTTER.

J. & A. CLEARIHUE,

24 YATES STREET. 1e31f

MANY A FORTUNE HAS BEEN MADE BY ADVERTISING; ONE WAS NEVER LOST BY IT.

CANADIAN HEADQUARTERS FOR ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES.

TELEPHONES, MAGNETO BELLS, TRANSMITTERS, RECEIVERS.
WATCHMAN'S Electric Clocks.
" Time Recorders.
NICKEL-PLATING BATTERIES, and all other different kinds.
ELECTRIC BELLS, BATTERIES, Push Buttons and Door Pulls
SOUNDERS, KEYS and LEARNERS' Telegraphic Instruments
SUPPLIES of every description in the Electrical Line.

We manufacture Annunciators in all styles for Hotels, Private Residences, Elevators, &c., using in them the Genuine Norway Iron Gravity Drop.

Electrical Supplies
T-W-NESS
644 CRAIG ST MONTREAL

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

A BY-LAW

To amend the Revenue By-Law, 1889.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the "Revenue By-Law, 1889."

THEREFORE BE IT ENACTED by the Mayor and Aldermen of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

Section 8 of the said By-Law is hereby amended as follows:—

By striking out the word "sixty" in the fifth line thereof and inserting therefor the word "fifty."

And by striking out from Section Nine of Schedule "A" of said By-Law all the words and figures after the second line thereof and inserting therefor the following words and figures, that is to say:—

"From every person who, either on his own behalf or as agent for another or others, sells, solicits, or takes orders for the sale by retail of goods, wares, or merchandise, to be supplied or furnished by any person or firm doing business outside of the Province, and not having a permanent or licensed place of business within the Province, the sum of Fifty Dollars for every six months."

This By-Lay may be cited as "The Revenue By-Law Amendment By-Law, 1891."

Passed the Municipal Council this 17th day of June, A.D., 1891.

Reconsidered and finally passed the Council the 29th day of July, A.D., 1891.

[L.S.] JOHN GRANT, Mayor.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C. jy31

A BY-LAW

To Aid the British Columbia Agricultural Association.

WHEREAS the British Columbia Agricultural Association is an association duly incorporated under the laws of the said Province for the protection and advancement of agricultural interests, and for the promotion and welfare of mechanical and industrial operations;

AND WHEREAS the Corporation of the City of Victoria have determined to aid and assist the said Association in its operations by giving to the said Association the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) for the purpose of erecting exhibition buildings;

AND WHEREAS the said Corporation are authorized to make such grant by sub-section 13 of Section 96 of the Municipal Act, 1891;

AND WHEREAS for the purposes aforesaid it is intended to raise by way of loan upon the credit of the City the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars;

AND WHEREAS it will require the sum of $1596 to be raised annually by special rate for paying the debt to be hereby created and the interest thereon;

AND WHEREAS the amount of the whole rateable property of the said Corporation according to the last revised assessment roll being for the year 1890 is $9,358,134;

AND WHEREAS for paying the interest and creating an equal yearly sinking fund for paying the principal of the said debt intended to be hereby created according to the Municipal Act, 1891, an equal special rate of 21-1000 of 1 per cent on the dollar will be required;

AND WHEREAS it is intended to reduce the general rate so that the said special rate shall not increase the total rate of taxation;

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Mayor and Aldermen of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

1. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the said City of Victoria to raise by way of loan from any person or persons or body or bodies corporate who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the debentures hereinafter mentioned a sum of money not exceeding in the whole the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars and cause the same to be paid in to the Treasurer of the said Corporation, and the said sum of twenty-five thousand dollars shall be paid out by the said Treasurer to such person or persons in such sum or sums as shall appear by the certificate of the Board of Trustees hereinafter mentioned to be entitled to the same.

2. There shall be appointed a Board of Trustees of said Association, and the same shall consist of five members, two to be appointed by the said Association and three by the said Corporation.

3. Immediately upon the appointment of the said Board of Trustees the whole property of the said Association shall vest in such Trustees, their successors, executors and administrators.

4. If the said Trustees so to be appointed as aforesaid or either of them shall die, go to reside abroad refuse or become incapable to act in the trusts hereinafter set forth, the place of the trustees so dying, going to reside abroad refusing or becoming incapable to act in the said trusts, shall be filled by the appointment of a new trustee or trustees by the said Association in the case of the two Trustees appointed by them, and by the said Corporation in the case of the three Trustees appointed by them.

5. The duties of the said Trustees shall be to see that the said sum of twenty-five thousand dollars is wholly and properly expended by the said Association in making bona fide, permanent improvements upon the property of the said Association, and in no other manner whatever.

6. The said Association shall keep the building so to be erected in good and substantial repair, reasonable wear and tear excepted, and in the event of the said Association ceasing to carry on its operations upon the premises upon which the said sum of twenty-five thousand dollars shall have been expended, then the said sum of twenty-five thousand dollars shall be a first charge thereon.

7. The acceptance by the said Association of the benefit of this grant shall be conclusive evidence of the assent of the said Association to the foregoing clauses of this by-law.

8. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause any debentures to be issued for such sums of money as may be required, either in currency or sterling money, not less than five hundred dollars ($500) each, or the sterling equivalent of that sum, and each and all such debentures shall be sealed with the common seal of the said Corporation, signed by the Mayor, and countersigned by the Clerk of the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

9. The said debentures shall be payable in twenty years from the date hereinafter mentioned for this by-law to take effect, at the office of the said Treasurer of the said Corporation at the City Hall, Victoria, and shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of interest.

10. The said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of five per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable half-yearly at the office of the said Treasurer.

11. For the purpose of forming a sinking fund for the payment of the said debentures and the interest to become due thereon, an equal special rate of 21-1000 of one per cent. on the dollar, shall in addition to all other rates be raised, levied and collected in each year upon all rateable property within the said city of Victoria during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them.

12. That it shall be lawful for the said Municipal Council from time to time to purchase any of the said debentures, and such debentures shall be so expressed as to entitle the said Council to redeem and purchase the same on paying the amount thereof and interest due thereon at the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof.

13. This by-law shall before the final passage thereof receive the assent of the ratepayers of the said Corporation in the manner provided by the Municipal Act, 1891, and shall take effect on the 27th day of June, A.D. 1891.

14. The said Mayor shall not issue any of the said debentures until the Corporation of the City of Victoria shall request him so to do.

15. This by-law is passed upon the express understanding that the said Association shall employ no Chinese in or about the works carried on by them.

16. This by-law may be cited as "The Agricultural Association By-Law."

Passed the Municipal Council the 22nd day of May, A.D. 1891.

Received the assent of the ratepayers the 8th day of June, A.D. 1891.

Re-considered and finally passed the Council 11th day of June, A.D. 1891.

JOHN GRANT, Mayor.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

PROFESSORS S. & J. PHILO

Graduates of Vienna Conservatory.

Teachers of Singing, Violin and Piano.

TERMS MODERATE.

jy 40 Herald street.

WANTS.

ADVERTISEMENTS of To Let, Wanted, Etc., under these heads, four lines or under 25 cents for two insertions and 15 cents each additional insertion. Cash to accompany order.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—A reliable man (married) to take charge of a farm. Exceptionally good terms offered. Apply at Cowper's corner. au19-1f

WANTED—T. W. Duncan, who returns to San Francisco on Saturday, 22nd inst., is desirous of undertaking the collection of results, etc., on a reasonable commission. He can furnish suitable references. Address 109 Fingard street. au19-3t

WANTED—Young man, aged 21, wants a situation. Good hand at attending bar; four years' experience in New York. Willing to work in any business. Address Frank Keys, care E. B. Marvin & Co. au17-3t

WANTED—General servant. Apply to Mrs. Lowe, 45 Carr street, James Bay. a17-3t

YOUNG MAN, good appearance and address wants situation. Has a knowledge of typewriting and shorthand. Address "A. P.," Times office. au15-1w

QUARRYMEN wanted at Kokstish Quarry (40 ball-drillers). For further information apply at 77 Wharf street. aug13-1w

SITUATION WANTED—By a young woman as servant in a small family, or to take care of children. Address B.F.G., Times office. a13-1f

WANTED—Waitress wanted immediately at the Vancouver House, 71 Yates street. au10-1f

WANTED—Young men to learn Light-Line Shorthand. Thoroughly acquired in a few weeks' study. Complete course, $12. Apply, Edward H. Dalton, P.O. Box 274, Vancouver, B.C. jy29-1m

WANTED—A girl to assist in looking after four young children and general housework. F. G. Walker, 16 and 18 Chancery Lane. jy24-1f

WANTED—A general servant; must understand plain cooking. Good wages. Apply at No. 12 Schreibly street. jy22-1f

WANTED—A matron for the Lying-in-Hospital and trained nurses for Home of the Sick Poor. Apply between the hours of 10 and 12 a.m. to Mrs. D. W. Higgins, Regent Park. jy17-1f

TO LET.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT, on Cook street; bath. Apply 121 Fort street. au15-1w

HUMPHREY BLOCK, Opposite Bank of B.N.A., Yates street, first-class furnished rooms at moderate charges, by day, week or month. Rooms bright, cheerful and airy. jy31-1m

TO LET—Offices; light and convenient; central situation; corner Yates and Government street. Apply to H. L. Sehlson. jy29-1f

TO LET—New and nicely furnished rooms with or without fire, by day, week or month. Apply 39 Yates street. no28-1f

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A good business and stock for immediate disposal. $1900 cash; stock valued at $2,088; removing. Apply Box —, Times office. au19-2t

FARM FOR SALE, in Comox, about five miles from steamer landing, containing three hundred and fifty-two (352) acres; about 60 under cultivation; 135 free from timber, with water running nearly the whole length. Will be sold with or without crop, stock and implements. For further information apply to Thos. Trevor, Comox, British Columbia. A15-3m-TuW

FOR SALE CHEAP—One team of fine large black horses. Weight about 1200 lbs. each; height about 17 hands. Quiet and gentle. Apply to F. Campbell, P.O. Box 168, Victoria. au12-1f

A GOOD ENGLISH CARRIAGE (three seats) for sale. Suitable for country. Apply to John Meston, carriage maker, Broad St. a11tf

FOR SALE—13 acres good orchard land, within 2½ miles of the city. Must be sold before end of August. Will sell in 5-acre blocks if required. Terms, 1 cash, balance 1, 2 and 3 years. Apply to Box 561 or 50 Broad St. a13-2w

A LARGE DRAUGHT HORSE for sale or exchange for a lighter horse. McLennan & McFeeley, 70 Yates street. aug13-1f

FOR SALE—The fast steam yacht "Minnie Ha! Ha!" now lying at foot of Herald st. Apply to Jos. Hunter, 134 Government street, Victoria. au8-1m

FOR SALE—One fine driving horse, well broken to saddle and one trained saddle horse. Apply at Transfer Co.'s stable or at Room 2, Oriental Hotel. jy31

FOR SALE—A beautiful farm containing about eleven acres of land, eight of which are under cultivation, with cottage and orchard. The E. & N. R. passes alongside the property. Near Parson's Bridge. The above would make a delightful home for a family. It should be seen to be appreciated. Price $2200. Terms. Apply to Capt. Clark or Irving & Hayward, Victoria. jy23-1m

FOR SALE—Cheap, sloop Nyaph; new last fall. Apply to A. A. Davidson, 55 Yates street. 1f

BOARD.

PRIVATE BOARDING—Two gentlemen can obtain board in a respectable house in the heart of the city. Apply at this office. au10-1f

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—With immediate possession, two houses on Menzies street, near the sea; parlor, dining room, 4 bedrooms, bathroom, upstairs, etc., etc. Apply to the owner, J. Gerhard Tiarks, Architect, 39 Government street. au17-f

FINANCIAL.

VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE,
Corner Government and Pandora streets. Money advanced on all kinds of approved security. Business strictly confidential. my4

EDUCATIONAL.

SCHOOLS OF PRACTICAL, CIVIL, MECHANICAL, Mining Engineering, Surveying, Draughting, Architecture, Assaying and Navigation. Open all year. 723 Market street, San Francisco, Cal. Established 1864. A. VANDEN NAILLEN, Pres. Send for circular. sept-1yr

INSURANCE.

THE NORWICH UNION
FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY,
Established 1797. Amount insured $55,000,000
H. D. HELMCKEN, Agent.
Office, Store street, Victoria, B. C. mar24-y

ARCHITECTS.

F. M. JONES & CO.,
ARCHITECTS, ENGINEERS AND PATENT AGENTS.
Sketches, Plans, Elevations, Specifications prepared. Office, Moody's Block, 76 Yates street, Victoria, B. C. m20tf

THOMAS HOOPER,
ARCHITECT,
Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. jy1-tf

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT,
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad and Trounce. jy8-f

PHYSICIANS.

DRS. HALL & LEITCH,
OFFICES—DRIARD BLOCK, 90 DOUGLAS ST.
Dr. F. W. HALL, M.D.C.M.
Dr. H. D. LEITCH, M.D.C.M., M.C.P.S.O., F.T.M.S.
Specialty—Diseases of Women and Diseases of Rectum. Lately attending Woman's Hospital and Post Graduate School and Hospital, New York. au1-6m

HOMŒOPATHY
DR. JOHN HALL
18 Yates street, over Cochrane and Munn's Drug Store.
CHRONIC AND CHILDREN'S DISEASES A SPECIALTY.
Office hours, from 1 to 4 p.m. only excepting Sundays and holidays.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.). Office at King's Livery, 100 Johnson Street. Telephone 437. Residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

CIVIL ENGINEERS, Etc.

C. W. BUSK,
MINING AND CIVIL ENGINEER AND MINING AND GENERAL SURVEYOR.
Plans and estimates furnished, reports prepared, mines inspected, and contracts undertaken for in the province of British Columbia or elsewhere; work in the mining district of the Lardeau a specialty.
Address P.O. Box 326, Victoria, B.C., or Nelson, Kootenay Lake, B.C. ap28

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS
Court Vancouver No. 5935, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
fel3 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A. M., R.C.R. Regular communications the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fingard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
jy8 J. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH
Chapter, No. 126, G.R.S. Regular meetings held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions cordially invited.
R. LANGLEY, E. Z.
k19

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, K. of P.
Regular convention every Friday evening at Foresters' Hall, Government street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend.
E. PRIDEMORE, K. of R. & S.

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their hall, corner Langley and Yates streets, on the first Friday in every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join.
J. H. MORRISON, Secretary.

MISCELLANEOUS.

QUEEN'S MARKET.
L. GOODACRE.
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Purveyor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS.
Bell Hangers and Locksmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Repairs supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 139.

JOHN J. AUSTIN,
NOTARY PUBLIC.
Real Estate and General Agent. Loans negotiated. Town and Country Property for sale. Office Government street, Victoria. P.O. Box 90.

SCAVENGERS

PETER HANSEN
CITY SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable.
Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets.
Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. jy18

JOHN DOHERTY
GENERAL SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers, Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. Coal and wood for sale. au27-1y

LAND NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works to purchase land on the seashore on San Mateo Bay, Alberni District, commencing at a post on west corner; thence south 40 chains; thence east 120 chains; thence north 40 chains; thence west to the seashore.
GEORGE WALKER.
Victoria, July 6, 1891. jy10-2m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands on Hernando Island, in Sayward District: Commencing at a post at the northwest corner of W. Blaney's pre-emption claim; thence south 40 chains; thence west 40 chains; thence north 40 chains; thence east 40 chains to the place of commencement, containing 160 acres, more or less.
WILLIAM HARRIS.
Vancouver, July 20th, 1891. jy30

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I intend to apply to the Honorable the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described land, viz.:—A small island in Lower Campbell Lake, containing five acres, more or less. Starting point being a post on the beach on south side of said island; the same being pastoral land.
M. KING.
Victoria, B.C., June 16th, 1891. jy23-2m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of land, situated between Poe Heights and Pachena Cove, in Alberni District, commencing at a post about three miles south from Barrie's Valley Creek; thence south 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence east 80 chains to the place of commencement.
F. A. NICHOLSON.
Victoria, July 8th, 1891. jy10-2m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described land in Metchosin District—Commencing at the southeast corner of Lot 10 Goldstream District; thence west 20 chains; thence south 100 chains; thence east 10 chains; thence north 40 chains; thence east 10 chains; thence north 60 chains to the place of commencement, containing 160 acres more or less.
(Sgd) J. PHOENIX.
28th July, 1891. jy31-2m-w

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

Lots 1, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16 and 17 of part of Section 1, Comox District (as per map deposited No. 472).

WHEREAS the Certificate of Title of Ellen Isabella Creech to the above lots bearing date the 17th day of July, 1890, has been lost and application has been made for a duplicate of such certificate; Notice is therefore hereby given that such duplicate will be issued unless cause be shown to the contrary in writing within one month from the date hereof.
C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.
Land Registry Office, Victoria, 28th July, 1891. jy30-1m

MACHINERY FOR SALE.

THE CANADA
Machinery and Supply Co.
BRANTFORD, ONT.
Engineers, Boiler-Makers and Machinists.
Dealers in New and Second-hand
MACHINERY AND MILL SUPPLIES.
je19-6m

Mackerel, Codfish, Salt Salmon, Red Herrings, in this day. R. H. Jameson, 33 Fort street.

Try Snow Flake Hominy for breakfast. Dixi H. Ross & Co.

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited, At No. 32 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION:
Delivered by carrier in any part of the city, per week 25c
By mail to any part of the world, per year $5.00

THE WEEKLY TIMES

Is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States, or Great Britain for $1.00 per annum, paid in advance.

DAILY ADVERTISING RATES:

MERCANTILE AND GENERAL BUSINESS ADVERTISEMENTS, inserted for a definite period of time will be charged for at the following rates:

One week	15 cts per line
Two weeks	25 " "
One month	40 " "
Three months	35 " "
Six months	$1.00 " "
One year	2 75 " "

CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., four lines or under, 25 cents for each insertion and pro rata for more space or longer time.

A "line" is a nonpareil line, similar to this type, twelve of which occupy one inch of space.

Notices of Births, $1.00; Marriages, $1.50; Deaths, $1.50; Deaths with funeral announcements, $2.00.

SPECIAL NOTICES, set in brevier (the type used for general reading) and placed in reading columns, 20 cents a line for first insertion, and 15 cents each subsequent insertion. Set in nonpareil type (this size) and placed under the heading of "Special Notices," 10 cents for first insertion, and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Theatrical notices, local advertisements, political announcements, and all advertisements of a special class and not included in the above, 10 cents a line first insertion, and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.

Address
THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,
WM. TEMPLEMAN, Manager

The Daily Times.

THE PRINTING BUREAU.

A few days ago in the House of Commons Mr. Throw made an enquiry as to the amount paid by the Government for type for the Printing Bureau. Mr. CHAPLEAU, to whose department the Bureau is attached, replied that the type cost $116,003. This statement is sufficient justification for the suspicion that there was a large amount of "boodling" done in connection with the equipment of the Bureau, for the sum mentioned, legitimately expended, would purchase something like 30 tons of type. The Ottawa correspondent of the Toronto World, who is pretty well qualified to speak on the subject, says that unless there is a lot of tall swearing by the typefounders of Toronto, it will be elicited that an official who had a great deal to do with the Printing Bureau received large commissions from them on purchases made by him. It is well enough known that the official thus pointed at is Mr. SENECAL, the Superintendent of the Bureau, concerning whose case many ugly rumors have been afloat. Between this type scandal and the New England Paper Company affair, which came closer to Mr. CHAPLEAU himself, the Secretary of State is likely to have a bad time. When the Printing Bureau was established there was very little concealment of the intention to run it as a party machine, and there has certainly been no departure from this programme. SENECAL had no qualification for the position of Superintendent other than being a bosom friend and henchman of Mr. CHAPLEAU. His appointment was an indication of the manner in which the Bureau was to be administered, and it is not overshooting the mark to say that the State Department all through is run on much the same lines as that of Public Works.

ABSURD AS USUAL.

The Colonist would have the public believe that the Imperial Government has not a virtual lien on the Esquimalt dry dock. The Imperial Government contributed £50,000 toward the dock with the proviso that it should have the use of the dock free at any time for naval purposes. What does this mean? It means that if the Imperial Government has occasion for it, its ships may occupy the dock twelve months in the year. Last year the Amphion was in dock for something like seven months. This year the Warspite will occupy the dock six months or thereabouts. By the time two years have elapsed since the Amphion was first docked it will be discovered that the navy has occupied the dock over half of the time. Of this fact we do not complain. It is so seldom that governments are permitted to make good bargains that we feel like congratulating the British Government on having over-reached the Dominion authorities. Now what do we understand from the situation? Simply this: It is an argument either for purchasing the Imperial Government's interest, or for building a new dock, or for demanding a modification of the terms, which virtually give the Imperial Government control of the dock. It might be arranged that when the Government requires the use of the dock, covering a period of months, it be required to pay dockage. This arrangement would have the effect of expediting naval movements when in dock. The situation, furthermore, presents an argument against the extension of the dock, inasmuch as a year would be required to effect the change, which is neither consistent with commercial interests nor sound naval policy. During the time the dock is being lengthened, commercial and perhaps naval interests would suffer, and after the job was completed how much better off would we be than at present? The dock would still be practically under the control of the Imperial authorities. Hence if Mr. EARLE has only concerned himself in the extension of the dry dock he has shown the same want of appreciation of the situation as in allowing $30,000 to go for a drill shed and only $6,000 for harbor improvements, without raising a loud and emphatic protest; and the Colonist in attempting to defend the situation only makes itself ridiculous, as it always does when it attempts to defend the grand old party and its representatives.

McGREEVY AND THE HOUSE.

THOMAS McGREEVY is not likely to allow the Sergeant-at-Arms of the House of Commons to imprison him in the "tower" for his contemptuous disregard of the summons to appear at the bar and answer questions. He has but to keep himself concealed or seek safety across the line until Parliament is prorogued, when, of course, the order for his arrest lapses, and as the session cannot be expected to last very much longer, Uncle THOMAS will no doubt prefer the short period of concealment or exile to "facing the music" at Ottawa. He has also resigned his seat in the House, thus saving his fellow-members the trouble of kicking him out, though he is still liable to a heavy penalty for having sat and voted during the several sessions when he was owner of the subsidized steamer Admiral. We are afraid, however, that Uncle THOMAS will never receive anything like adequate punishment for his heavy crimes against the country.

The order for McGREEVY's arrest arose out of his refusal to answer two questions put to him by the TARTE committee. He acknowledged that he had received $55,000 from the firm of McGREEVY, CONNOLLY & Co. to be devoted to political purposes. Of this amount $35,000 went to Sir HECTOR's newspaper, Le Monde, but when Uncle THOMAS was asked where the other $20,000 was placed he flatly refused to answer. The other question was whether he had given to Sir HECTOR any sums of money over and above the notes which he had discounted and held on the Minister's account for twelve years. This he also declined to answer. For these refusals the committee reported him to the House, he was summoned to appear at the bar and paid no heed, wherefore the order for the arrest went forth. It is not to be expected that Uncle THOMAS will be captured, or that he will give up the interesting information regarding the boodle fund.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Ex-Speaker REED, otherwise known as "CZAR REED," interviewed by the New York World, is made to speak to this effect: "Anybody to have heard Mr. REED speak about the contemptible character of men who trafficked in legislation and accumulated vast wealth while in public office would have thought he referred to some particular person. But he did not say so." What particular person should it be supposed the World supposes REED to have in mind? BLAINE. As everybody knows there is no love lost between the two men, and the World is not the paper to suppress the fact.

If the proposal of the Dominion Government, to sell the Indian Reserve to the city for $200,000, is the result of Mr. ROSSON's visit to Ottawa, it would have been better had that gentleman "gone a-fishing" to Sooke Lake instead of to Ottawa. The Indian reserve is the property of the Province, and when the Dominion Government asks the city to pay $200,000 for it, the request is made on behalf of the Provincial Government. When in Winnipeg, Mr. ROSSON told a reporter that he did not expect Victoria to hold the commercial supremacy against the Mainland cities. This proposed "sale" of the Indian reserve is, therefore, the second illustration of Mr. ROSSON's hostility to Victoria since he visited Ottawa on "important public business." Does Mr. TURNER, who is the representative of the city in the cabinet, endorse the views of his leader on questions affecting Victoria's interests?

The proposition on foot to bring 75 editors from Europe to Chicago at the expense of the people of Chicago and of the fair, does not find favor in the eyes of the Chicago Herald. "It cannot be carried out," says the Herald, "without incurring serious danger." "What credit," it asks, "will be given to articles prepared by subsidized guests of the enterprise? If expenses are paid for European writers and they come here under our auspices, let their work be as impartial and independent as possible, it will be distrusted. They will themselves feel embarrassed in accepting hospitality and then writing down their entertainers if it appeared to them warrantable in fact." If it is not possible for subsidized editors to write of the Columbian Fair impartially, is it possible, we ask, for politically subsidized editors to present their side of the case in the spirit that public interests demand? The public will agree with us doubtless that it is not. We call the attention of the public to the fact that many Tory papers throughout Canada are subsedized.

THE SCHOOL EMEROQLIO.

TO THE EDITOR:—Dr. Pope's last communication to the Board of Trustees is, to my mind, exceedingly funny. They requested him to permit the principals of the schools to inspect the papers in connection with the recent examination, and the learned doctor takes the ground that the request cannot be entertained because—mark the reason—"the examinations held by the Department are conducted with a view to determine how well each teacher has performed his duties, and whether or not intelligent instruction has been given." Most people will be inclined to think that the Superintendent had he "carefully studied" ever so long, could not have hit upon a better reason for complying with the unanimous wish of the Board as expressed in their resolution. Teachers want to know where and how they and their pupils have failed, so that they may improve their methods of instruction and avert the calamity that must inevitably befal them if the Department of Education decides that they left undone those things which they ought to have done. Indeed, one would suppose that the Superintendent would be quite anxious not only to produce the papers, but to spend a day now and then in the different schools, enlightening teachers and pupils and explaining difficulties as he was wont to do when he himself had charge of the Victoria High School.

When many years ago I was teaching in the Grammar School of Barnsley—under the patronage of the Duke of Abercorn—the inspector, who in his monthly visits was always accompanied by the bailie, used to examine the pupils minutely in almost every subject taught in the school. This was the good old way of examination, but it appears that now things are sadly changed, and a wicked and perverse generation demandeth the reason for the change. Certainly to withhold the examination papers is a dignified course for men of high attainments to follow. It is also dignified—not to say politic—for examiners to enter a schoolroom and examine, not the pupils, as my old inspector was wont to do, but the record of their progress as kept by the teacher, their mental development being apparently regarded as proportionate to the size and beauty of this record.

Dr. Pope is wise. Let him keep on in this way and no one will be able to shew that he is not infallible. Let him say unto himself, "I will not examine pupils orally, nor will I produce their examination papers; who then can produce evidence against me?"

J. ABERCROMBIE RUDGE, M.A.

DR. POPE'S LETTER.

TO THE EDITOR:—I do not think such a condemnation of a Government by its official, as that by Dr. Pope last night, has occurred since the same official after a year's fighting compelled the Hon. John Robson to yield to him in December, 1889, by threatening to resign his position. It is well known to you that the Council of Public Instruction and the Government are identical except in name, and that it lately prescribed rules and regulations for the guidance of teachers.

You will look in vain through those rules for any authority for or instruction to the teacher to hold written examinations; but you will find that the "daily marking" rule has been sneaked in, although the Legislature repealed it last session and eliminated it from the statute.

In the letter from Dr. Pope to the School Trustees we find this compliment paid to the teachers of this Province: "It is the general practice of teachers to hold frequent written examinations, thereby enabling them to correct defects on the part of pupils and otherwise properly to supplement daily instruction."

A more complete condemnation of the daily marking system could hardly be penned by its rankest opponent, and yet the Council (the Government) did not authorize or prescribe written examination; but did prescribe by article 6, clause 4, daily examination instead of daily instruction. There is hope for our country yet, if Dr. Pope will now only threaten to resign unless written examinations are prescribed and the daily marking abolished. We may yet have honest and intelligent pupils educated in our schools, and some of our teachers at least freed from the necessity of making false monthly returns to the Education Department.

J. N. MUIR.

PAPER HORSESHOES.

The Process by Which They Are Manufactured.

The need of a more or less elastic horseshoe has led to many trials and experiments, which, not resulting in any thing satisfactory, has kept the farrier's art in the same old rut of olden day. A new horseshoe has been made in Germany, says the Age of Steel, and it is constructed of parchment paper or a paper prepared by a saturation of oil, turpentine, etc., and impenetrable to dampness or moisture. Thin layers of such paper are glued together until the desired thickness necessary for the horseshoe is attained by an agglutinant, which is indifferent to the action of moisture, and which will not get brittle when dry (especially casein gum, chrome gelatine, copper chromate, ammonia, or a mixture of Venetian turpentine). The leaves of such prepared paper can first be cut to the desired form, and holes for nailing on the paper be stamped through, and the leaves glued together, one on top of another. Then the shoe has to undergo a very strong pressure, perhaps by a hydraulic press, is dried, and lastly rasped and planed. The holes can be bored in by boring machines similar to those used for brushes, instead of being stamped out. The fastening of these shoes can be done by nailing through the holes bored or stamped, as above described, or by gluing with bitumen, caoutchouc, or a mixture of gum ammonia, emulsion, one part; gutta percha, two parts. The fact of its getting rough makes the paper horseshoe a great advantage in preventing the slipping of the horse on smooth and slippery places.

The Berlin Royal Stables.

A special department in the royal stables at Berlin is set aside for the Imperial children. Each little Princeling has his stall containing his own particular pony, funny little animals with big manes and bigger tails. The Princes themselves look after the welfare of their steeds, and the stable master told me that the ponies would soon be dead with overeating if they were permitted to gorge themselves with all the provender provided for them by their little royal masters.

Health in Berlin.

Health-giving herbs, barks, roots, and berries are carefully combined in Burdock Blood Bitters, which regulate the secretions, purify the blood and renovate and strengthen the entire system. Price, $1 a bottle, 5 for $5. Less than 1 cent a dose.

NEAPOLITAN CONVENTS.

Official Investigations Which Modify the Early Reports of Unspeakable Horrors.

The horrors of life in the two convents of Naples have recently formed the subject of animadversions by the anti-clerical journals in Naples. These reports coming to the knowledge of the Procuratore del re have led to the determination to investigate the establishments in order to ascertain the foundation of the accusations.

"One of the convents," says the London Times' correspondent, "is known as the Thirty-three, though the number of the inmates has been reduced to twenty-nine, of whom only sixteen are nuns, the rest being rather servants; the other is called the Sepolte Vive—buried alive.

"In the former no irregularity was found beyond the concealment of their occupation of a building which belongs to the hospital for incurables, and which will be reclaimed for hospital uses so far as it is not necessary for the remaining members of the community. The quarters are spacious and even magnificent, and at the inspection nothing seemed to require interference beyond the appropriation of a part of the buildings to the needs of hospital service.

"With regard to the community known as the Sepolte Vive quite a different state of things existed. According to the official reports the nuns were considered as cut off from the world and from all intercourse with their friends, and were only known by their baptismal names, and until the judicial investigation takes place it will be impossible to ascertain who they are.

"There does not appear, however, any reason to suppose that any were immured against their will or that they desired to be liberated, but it is clear that some of the inmates have been admitted in violation of the law, which after a certain period forbade the reception of any more new members of any religious community. In one case a very beautiful woman was only twenty-nine years of age, and as the latest date at which, according to law, any reception of a nun in any convent in Italy could take place was 1866, excepting in that portion remaining under the Pope, where the date was 1870, she has apparently been received in violation of the law, which renders all ecclesiastical authorities subject to a criminal prosecution.

"In the Sepolte Vive the cells were found so nauseous from constant occupation and utter want of ventilation that the atmosphere is described by one of the visitors as sickening. The inmates do not appear to have been provided with any occupation beyond religious contemplation, and some of them are represented as reduced to a state of hebetude, so that it was doubtful if they could give an intelligible account of themselves or their former relations with the world. Their manner of life seems to have been ascetic in the extreme and as nearly as possible justifying their title, 'The Buried Alive.' Besides the nun's garb they wear veils, which are of close, heavy stuff, almost enough to impede the breath."

AN INTERESTING QUESTION.

Does Corresponding on the Typewriter Change the Style.

The Listener, of the Boston Transcript, after a good deal of observation, is quite sure that the typewriter is a bad thing for the literary style; but of course he could not pretend that the literary style of every author who uses it is injuriously affected by writing with a machine. The diction of certain writers might even be improved by it. The Listener is convinced that, as a general thing, the typewriter produces a sort of staccato, disconnected, jerky style; to change the metaphor, a fleshless and bony style, and awkward withal. What is written with the machine seldom has the ease and expressiveness that the same author's handwriting might have possessed.

The special word by word planning that goes with it, be it ever so slight and even unconscious, does get in the way of free expression, and there is a tendency in the writer to think out his sentences less thoroughly, and even to use stereotyped expressions, which fall in more conveniently with one's practice. In spite of all that may be said by operators about the process becoming "instinctive" after a time, it could not possibly become as completely instinctive as hand-writing is unless everybody wrote from childhood with the typewriter and nothing but the typewriter. And even if everybody did, it might require generations before the operation could become as instinctive with civilized peoples as handwriting is.

AN ANCIENT TIMEPIECE.

A Silver Watch That Had Laid There Over One Hundred Years.

A silver watch that appears to have been resting on the bottom of the Merrimac river, near Lawrence, Mass., for a century or two was found by Charles Blackwell recently, says the Jewelers' Weekly. Attached to the watch was a long, heavy chain, both ends of which were fast in the ring, but twelve inches above the fastening of one end the chain had been cut nearly in two.

As the chain is made of silver wire over an eighth of an inch thick it must have taken a heavy blow of a sharp instrument to divide it. The outside of the watch was once finely engraved, but on the side which lay uppermost the design can not be deciphered, as the action of the water has nearly smoothed the plate. The under side shows the engraving perfectly.

On the face of the watch under the hands, in small letters, is printed: "John Bowles, Horologer to his Majesty, 199 Threadneedle street, London." On the inside of the outer case is engraved: "Presented to Joshua Armstrong on his twenty-first birthday by his loving mother, Prudentia Armstrong, April 19, 1768." The watch was found beside an old musket, which bore evidence of having been broken in a hand-to-hand struggle. Whether these relics mark the scene of an accident or a tragedy can never be known. They were found near a once famous hunting ground of the Indians.

THE CITY AND DISTRICT

For Fancy Creamery Butter,

Choice Eastern bacon and hams, away up teas and coffees, go to Wm. Eckert, 106 Yates street.

No More Dancing at Oak Bay.

Under the new management of Mr. J. R. Berry the pavilion will be run in a strictly first-class manner. The public are cordially invited. tf

Re-Opening.

The Western hotel re-opens under the managment of A. C. McAlpin, on Saturday evening next, when "Mc" will be pleased to meet all of his friends.

Perfumes.

Elegant line of perfumes just arrived at C. H. Bowes & Co., prescription pharmacists, corner Store and Johnson streets. Telephone No. 425. Electric night bell.

Inspectors Changed.

Mr. F. P. Bodwell, formerly the Transcontinental Association's inspector at Portland, has arrived in the city. He will take the place of inspector at this port, Mr. McClintock having been transferred to Portland.

Another One Coming.

Captain Christiansen, of the tug Lorne, who came in from the Cape yesterday, reports that a schooner was sighted off the Cape trying to make her way up. No other schooners were seen between the Cape and this port.

Pythian Parade.

Friday week, the 28th inst., is the day on which the Knights of Pythias will hold their annual parade. A great number of the members are at present out of town, but it is hoped that there will be sufficient to make a good muster.

Still Pushing.

A dispatch from Kingston to a Winnipeg paper says: Mayor Oppenheimer of Victoria, B. C., writes that a committee of the council of that city will co-operate in the erection of a memorial to the late premier, in Kingston.

Two Quiet Marriages.

At the pro-Cathedral Friday evening, Rev. Father Nicolaye joined Mr. Jos. Moser and Miss Doullet in the bonds of matrimony. On Saturday evening the same reverend gentleman made Mr. Emmanuel Williams and Miss Mamie Johnson happy by a similar ceremony.

Where Are the Hens?

The question, where are Victoria's hens? might well be asked. The Yosemite brought down last evening from the Mainland 300 cases of Eastern eggs. This would make 1080 dozen, which is only part of what arrives from the east for use in Victoria. Someone should start a chicken ranch.

More Machinery.

Messrs. McKillican & Anderson, contractors, have just received a lot of new machinery, which they are having put in position in their factory on Langley and Wharf streets. Hereafter the firm will do their work by steam, their increasing business demanding more modern machinery than they have been using.

Being Repaired.

For some time past Government street between Fort street and James Bay bridge has been in an awful condition, it being at times almost impassable. The city has at last taken the matter up, and this morning Jumbo was at work loosening the dirt, which was being carried away to be replaced by macadam.

A Grouse Case.

John Durance, jr., a young man about 19 years of age, was charged in the Provincial Court this morning with having a grouse in his possession. Thos. Graham, the special constable, swore that he saw the defendant with the grouse produced, in his possession. His evidence was corroborated by a boy. The defendant and another witness swore that Durance hadn't had the grouse the day mentioned. The case was remanded until to-morrow.

Her Face Her Fortune.

Is commonly said of famous beauties. She who uses with artistic taste Wisdom's Famous Robertine has fortune in the possessing of a complexion to which nothing but the blush of the rose or the freshness of the lily can be compared. This preparation is just what it is claimed to be—the most delightful toilet article and only perfect beautifier known. Read the testimonials from famous artists, celebrated chemists and eminent physicians. D. E. Campbell, agent.

Figures Won't Lie.

And this is the way it figures, paying for a home without money, providing you are paying $25 a month rent. In five years you would pay $1500 that you would never get back, not even interest. And the natural advance in five years on your property ought to be about $500, total $2000. So if you should purchase one of those beautiful $2000 cottages of YOUNG & BARTLETT, No. 9 Trounce Avenue, on the installment plan, in five years you will virtually have paid for your home without money.

Vernon vs. The Times.

In chambers to-day defendants applied for leave to examine plaintiff, Hon. Forbes G. Vernon, Commissioner of Lands and Works, on oath before the registrar and with the official stenographer. On the request of the plaintiff, the Hon. F. G. Vernon, the consideration of the order to examine was deferred till Monday next, when the question of postponing or expediting the trial in this case will also be considered. Mr. Thornton Fell appeared for the defendants, and Mr. Irving for plaintiff.

Committee Meeting.

The committee of citizens called upon, who have had charge of the arrangments for the forthcoming firemen's tournament, will meet at the City Hall to-morrow evening to receive the report of the finance committee. It is understood that the report is very satisfactory, the citizens having been liberal in their responses to the appeals of the collectors. The latter, however, had a deal of hard work, and more remains to be done before the work is complete. The chair will be taken by Mayor Grant at 8 p.m., and those interested will confer a favor by attending that the business may be forwarded.

Wood Contract.

S. C. Howe has received the contract for the supply of firewood to the Royal Navy, Esquimalt. About 150 cords are required in the year.

Jumbo's Usefulness.

Jumbo has been taken from the stable and made useful in taking up the roads which he was originally intended to roll down. The two large driving wheels have been fitted with spikes. On these he ambles ungracefully along the street, leaving a mass of loose earth behind him. This is in good shape to receive a coating of metal. The spikes are then taken off, and he is able to roll the macadam to a smooth level. It was a "corn stalk" head that hatched this problem.

The World Enriched.

The facilities of the present day for the production of everything that will conduce to the material welfare and comfort of mankind are almost unlimited and when Syrup of Figs was first produced the world was enriched with the only perfect laxative known, as it is the only remedy which is truly pleasing and refreshing to the taste and prompt and effectual to cleanse the system gently in the Spring time or, in fact, at any time and the better it is known the more popular it becomes.

Financial Success of A.I.W. Picnic.

As a result of the efforts of the employees of the Albion Iron Works, and the splendid success of their picnic, there will be, after all expenses are paid, about two hundred dollars to hand to Mrs Joyce. Secretary Penket said to-day that he could not tell the exact amount, as there were yet several accounts to come in, but he thought it would be safe to put the amount at $200. The Albion Iron Works do not do things by halves, and for the showing of this their first picnic they deserve all praise.

The Late Mr. J. A. Andrew.

The funeral of the late Mr. J. A. Andrew took place this afternoon from the residence, Garbally house, to St. John's church, of which deceased was a member. Ven. Archdeacon Woods conducted the simple but solemn service of the dead, and afterwards officiated at the cemetery where the remains found their last resting place. The following gentlemen acted as pallbearers: Messrs. Captain Clarke, Jno. Earsman, J. J. Austin, Geo. Smith, Hiscock, Langley and Wilson. The funeral was conducted under the auspices of Court Northern Light, a large number of whose members attended.

Police Court Notes.

Two boys of about 12 years of age, pleaded guilty this morning to having teased and worried the animals at Beacon Hill Park yesterday. They were dismissed with the costs. Collector Milne kindly paid the costs for one of the boys, who was alone in court, and has no friends in the city. It is hoped this case will serve as a warning to boys and some men—who are in the habit of molesting the Park animals. The suit brought by the city tax collector against Captain Chas. Spring, for having refused to pay the revenue tax of men in his employ, was adjourned. His Honor was not sure whether he had jurisdiction in the case. Capt. Spring offered to pay the taxes in the court.

To a Higher Court.

It is likely that the Attorney-General will take the case of Pel-Ke-Arkan to the Privy Council of Canada. The case is an iteresting one from the stand the learned judges of the Full Court took with regard to it. It will be seen, from their lordships' judgments, which have appeared in these columns, that the bench was equally divided in opinion, Mr. Justice Walkem having already stayed his ruling in the first instance on the jurisdiction of Judge Spinks. Mr. Walkem, when the Attorney-general asked leave to appeal to the Privy Council, stated that he would like to have the opinion of that court on the case, and believed that the local government would be justified in the expense of obtaining that opinion. Hon. Mr. Justice Crease's judgment is published to-day.

Home Again.

Shortly after 7 o'clock last evening the special train which had conveyed officer McNeil and the search party to Fitzgerald's station to look for the two young men who were lost, returned. They brought the very gratifying news that their services had not been needed, as the missing ones had succeeded in extricating themselves from the labyrinth into which they had wandered. The lost ones had succeeded in reaching Fitzgerald's camp early in the afternoon. They were thoroughly exhausted and nearly starved, having had nothing to eat since leaving the camp, 58 hours before. However, friends soon prepared food and the boys had all they could possibly do justice to. They are none the worse for their little experience, and can congratulate themselves that the affair did not turn out worse.

Meeting of Firemen.

The officers and members of the fire department held a meeting last evening in No. 1 fire hall to make arrangements for the tournament. Chief Deasy was elected chairman and Electrician T. Watson secretary.

On motion, the Chief Engineer, Assistant Engineer and Foremen Conlin, Hinds and McDowell were elected to make arrangements for receiving the visiting firemen.

A committee, consisting of the secretary, W. Neill and J. Kensle, was appointed to obtain uniforms for the exempt men.

The following committees on decorations was appointed: No 1 company, to decorate the ariel truck, Forman Conlin, Driver Henry, W. Bryce, T. Watson, J. Bryce, G. Watson, C. Palmer, and H. Murray. No. 2 Company, Foreman Hinds, Engineer Bush, Drivers McDougall and McNeill, Hosemen Agnew, Neill, Duncan, Ledingham, Rendell and Hagenbach. No. 3 Company, Foreman McDowell, Engineer Atkinson, Driver McNeill, Hosemen Hay, Manson, Kensie, Whitcomb, Market and R. Ledingham.

The questions of the best street on which to hold the tournament, music, printing and entertainment were discussed and left in the hands of the general committee.

Our brand of Table Claret tickles the palate. Dixi H. Ross & Co.

THE COURT OF REVISION.

Business Resumed this Afternoon—Some More Appeals Considered.

The Court of Revision resumed its sitting in the Council Chamber this afternoon at 2 o'clock, the Mayor in the chair and all the aldermen present. There was not as large an attendance of citizens as yesterday, though the appeals involved larger properties than those taken up yesterday. The appeals heard were as follows:

R. Finlayson claimed that he had been assessed for 6½ acres more than what he had. And also that his property on Wharf street had decreased in value on account of obstruction to navigation in the harbor, but the property had been assessed more than it was before. In fact he objected to the assessment on the whole of his property which he claimed amounted to double what it was last year.

The court proceeded to take up the appeal, item by item. The matter in regard to extra acreage was tabled.

Mr. Finlayson next mentioned his Wharf street property, for which he said his rents had decreased on account of no improvements being made to the harbor. "And we only get $6000 for harbor improvements," said the complainant. This property is assessed at $80,800, and fronts 151 feet on Wharf street and the water front.

The assessment of $141 per foot on Mr. Finlayson's property on Cormorant street was sustained.

Lots 7 and 9, in block H, Work Estate, assessed at $1200, were reduced to $800.

Lots 9, 11, 7, 13, 15 and 5, block D, assessed at $1000, were left as assessed. That closed Mr. Finlayson's appeal.

PERSONAL.

Movements of Well Known People in Various Directions.

C. G. Hobson, Vancouver, is at the Driard.

Thos. E. Ladner of Ladner's Landing is at the Driard.

Senator John H. Mitchell of Portland was in the city yesterday.

Rev. Lee, wife and daughter of Kamloops are at the Oriental.

E. E. Woods and J. A. Laidlaw of New Westminster are in town.

C. J. Mulkey, inspector of customs, Tacoma, is visiting the city on official business.

H. E. Field has resigned his position in the office of Routledge & Co., and has gone to Nanaimo.

Edwin Morgan has returned to the city from an extended trip to Spallumcheen and upper country.

Alexander Robertson, secretary of the Montreal board of harbor commissioners will be here this evening.

P. C. Jones, a wealthy resident of Honolulu, who has retired from business, is in the city and leaves for the east to-morrow.

Wm. M. Chudley and Mrs. Chudley returned by last evening's boat from the Mainland. Their stay at Banff was both pleasant and beneficial.

BRIEF LOCALS.

One Day's Doings in City and Province Briefly Related.

E. Cook & Co., have purchased the Dunsmuirs' store at Wellington.

The Western Hotel Re-opens on Saturday, 22nd inst. Give "Mc" a call. *

Royal Arch Chapter met last evening and transacted the usual lodge business.

Simpson's bon ton tailoring parlors, 86 Government street. Dress suits a specialty.

The Saanich road from Market street to the city boundary is again open for traffic.

Nectarines, Apricots, Peaches, Grapes, Bananas, Tomatoes, and Sweet Potatoes, at R.H. Jameson's, 33 Fort street.

If you want your horse, harness, buggy or phaeton to have special care, send them to the Club stable, telephone 495. *

The run of salmon on the Fraser yesterday was very good, and some of the boats brought home heavy loads.

People say the Dominion Hotel is the place for a 25 cent meal. Twenty-one meal tickets for $4 50.

The Seattle Post-Intelligencer has a long account of Prof. Tyndall falling into a trance from which he has not yet awakened.

Mr. Bennett in his defence yesterday said that he gave the cheque believing that there were funds there to meet it, and that he had made a deposit on Monday as well.

Do not fail to see some of those modern cottages that Young & Bartlett, the land and building brokers have just put on the market. *

Mr. Thomas W. Keene begins his season on the 27th inst., and will play directly west to the Puget Sound and the Pacific slope. His company is said to be complete, and is the strongest he has ever had.

To exchange houses for vacant lots, at No. 9, Trounce avenue, Young, Bartlett & Co. Will build houses after your own plans on the instalment plan.

James M. Tiffany was arrested yesterday at Westminster, at the instance of W. H. Adams, of Victoria, on the charge of stealing three sewing machines. Tiffany has been acting here as agent for the Singer sewing machine Company.

Folding camp chairs, lawn settees hammocks, lunch baskets in great variety at Weiler Bros.

At a recent meeting of the B.C. Paper Company of this city the following were elected officers: President, W. P. Sayward; vice president, Joshua Davies; general manager and secretary, H. Carmichael; directors, W. P. Sayward, Joshua Davies, Thomas Shotbolt, J. Thompson and J. S. Yates.

Another large consignment of those extra value men's $2.50 laced and Congress Shoes; also $2.00 Oxford, just received at the One Price Cash House of Carmichael & Paterson, 35 Johnson street.

The oldest inhabitant fails to recall a season when salmon have been so numerous in the Sound. The water in the Strait and about Port Wilson is alive with the fish and many have been shot with shotguns. Fine fish have been sold about the water front for ten cents apiece, or less than two cents a pound.

Cheap farms at Le & Fraser's, No. 11 Trounce avenue. *

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

CANADIAN NOTES.

Counterfeit Dollars—The Bank Swindlers—The Toronto Civic Scandal.

The Ontario Grand Lodge of the Independent Order of Oddfellows elected P. E. Fitzpatrick, of Hamilton, Grand Master.

The Grand Lodge of the Young Men's Protestant Benevolent Association have elected T. H. Wooster, of Toronto, grand master.

While Mrs. John Gray, of Montreal, was lighting a fire with coal oil the can exploded and she was so badly burned that she lived but a short time.

C. P. Delorme has been nominated by the Liberals of Argenteuil for the vacancy in the Quebec Legislature caused by the resignation of W. Owens.

David McLellan, ex-provincial secretary of New Brunswick, has been gazetted registrar of wills and deeds for St. John, vice Drury, deceased.

The wife of Daniel McKenzie, farmer, living at Big River, near Owen Sound, committed suicide by drowning herself. Continuous ill health and consequent despondency are assigned as the causes.

The Canadian Pacific board of directors held its regular meeting Monday, under the presidency of Van Horne, but the proceedings were of a private nature, and the officials decline to say anything about it for publication.

A telegraph operator named Jno. McInnis, from Albany, N.Y., has been arrested at Montreal for tapping the Great North-Western Telegraph Co.'s wire running to a stock office. McInnis had not yet done any business. The act is a penitentiary offence.

Two tenant farmers, one English and one Scotch, have sailed for Canada to examine and report upon the resources of the Dominion, especially Nova Scotia, and its adaptability for the settlement of English and Scotch emigrants. The Canadian Government pays all their expenses.

The appeal of Henry Garbutt, of Wingham, against extradition, charged with obtaining, with two other Canadians, upwards of $10,000 from western banks in the Western States by means of forged drafts, was dismissed at Toronto. Banks at Seattle were among those victimised by the gang.

Phillips H. Thompson, a prominent citizen of Toronto, has instructed counsel to apply for an injunction to quash the street railway by-law authorizing the transfer of the system to the Kiely-Everett syndicate. This adds a new feature to the street railway case and makes the existing complications rather worse than before.

A cablegram from the Colonial Office, in London, announces that neither England nor Spain has given notice of their intention to terminate the treaty of 1880 and as one year's notice of such intention must be given after the date fixed for its expiration, no change can be made for two years to come on the duty of Canadian imports into the Spanish West Indies.

The Dominion Council of the Royal Templars of Temperance approve of the Government plan of a royal commission to look into the prohibition question, providing the proposed commission is composed of men upon whom temperance men can rely. The council has resolved unanimously to urge the appointment of W. W. Buchanan as one fully qualified to represent the temperance community.

Winnipeg Free Press: During the past few days a number of counterfeit silver dollars have been passed over bars and places of business in the city. They have been brought to the city by a gang of toughs supposed to be following Burk's circus. A number of them are now in circulation in the northern states and in Southern Manitoba. They are a very good imitation, but are somewhat lighter and have not the ring of the genuine article. It is an easy matter, however, to detect them if caution is used.

Men and women—young and old—will find health anew by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, an unfailing blood builder and nerve tonic. Cure suppressions, bearing down pains, nervousness, general debility, and all forms of weakness. No other remedy equals them. All dealers, or sent post paid on receipt of price (50c. a box). Dr. Williams Med. Co., Brockville, Ont.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS for the blood.
BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS for the blood.
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BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS for the blood.

THE KEY TO HEALTH.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

Unlocks all the clogged avenues of the Bowels, Kidneys and Liver, carrying off gradually without weakening the system, all the impurities and foul humors of the secretions, at the same time Correcting Acidity of the Stomach, curing Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Headaches, Dizziness, Heartburn, Constipation, Dryness of the Skin, Dropsy, Dimness of Vision, Jaundice, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Fluttering of the Heart, Nervousness, and General Debility; all these and many other similar Complaints yield to the happy influence of BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.

For Sale by all Dealers.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, Toronto.

AT THE ARGYLE HOUSE

You will find some special lines in French

CORSETS

Long-waisted, at

$1.25, $1.50, $1.75, $2, $2.50, $2.75.

SUMMER GOODS

At your own prices,

Argyle House

Clarence Hotel Block,
83 DOUGLAS ST.
WM. O'REILLY & CO.

Store closes at 6, excepting Saturdays.

FURNISHED ROOMS to let, from $6 monthly; or by the day or week. Next door to Fullerton's boot store, 103 Government street.

MR. FRANK B. FENWICK

Begs to announce that he will resume his lessons on Monday, August 9th. Pupils will be visited at the usual day day and hour unless notice be given by them to the contrary. au6tf

OUR LATEST

Some of the best farm lands on Vancouver Island.....per acre	$ 10
10 acres, Cadboro Bay....per acre	150
Acre property, Carey Road.....	200
Acre property, Gordon Head Road	250
100 acres improved land in South Saanich.....per acre	85
176 acres near Nanaimo. Good alder bottom, improved, price..	3000
Building lots, James Bay, prices from.....$700 to	1500
Two fine corner lots on Richmond Road and Pandora Street...two	1150
Fine building lots, two minutes' walk from tram, Cadboro Bay Road.....each	450
Three acres, Belcher Avenue, excellent building site....per acre	2000
One lot Chestnut Avenue, near Jubilee Hospital, price.....	420
Fine building lot, Rithet Street, James Bay, price.....	1000
Fine new house, 15 rooms, all hard finished; price.....	3000
New cottage and lot, Front street, Victoria West, price.....	1250

T. G. RAYNER,

Conveyancer and Notary Public

Bank Building, Trounce Avenue.

S. F. VERRINDER, M.D., D.D.S. A. S. VERRINDER, M.D., D.D.S.

DRS. VERRINDER BROS., DENTISTS

Surgery of the mouth, jaws, face, teeth and associate parts, corrections of irregularities of the teeth, crown and bridge work, continuous gum sets of teeth, and all the major operations on dental and oral surgery a specialty.

Office 73 Government St., Victoria, B.C.

DR. A. R. BAKER, DENTIST,

Graduate Philadelphia Dental College.

All anæsthetics carefully administered for painless extraction of teeth. Gold fillings inserted by means of latest electric appliances. Crown, bridge, and all artificial work a specialty.

Office 93 Yates street, over Cochrane & Munn's drug store. Hours, 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.

THE COLONIAL GUNS,

Manufactured expressly for use for use in British Columbia, are the

Hardest Hitting, Closest Shooting,

Best Wearing Guns in the Market.

MY 32-PAGE ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE Is now out. Send for it.

CHARLES E. TISDALL,
GUNMAKER. VANCOUVER.

au6 d&w

NOTICE.

Having bought the stock and goodwill of R. Dunsmuir & Sons' general store in Wellington, we will hereafter carry on business there as general and miners' supply store.

E. COOK & CO.

REMOVAL SALE.

Being about to remove to Wellington, I will offer my entire stock here, consisting of 1000 pairs Blankets, 300 dozen suits Underwear, and a general assortment of Cigars, Notions, etc., at cost until September 1st.

My store, 42 Yates street, for rent and fixtures for sale.

E. COOK.

au15-2w

Dr. MacGILLIS

45-47 YATES STREET.
SPECIALIST IN
Kidney, Skin and Private Diseases
au10

DALBY & CLAXTON

64 YATES STREET.

AGENCIES.

The British Columbia Fire Insurance Company, Victoria.

The Royal Canadian Insurance Company of Montreal, Que.

The Dominion Building and Loan Association of Toronto, Ont.

Yorkshire Guarantee and Securities Corporation, Limited, England.

HAVE FOR SALE, ON EASY TERMS, RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY UNEQUALLED ANYWHERE.

The Tiedeman Property

Facing the Government Grounds, within ten minutes walk of the postoffice. Lots on Blanshard, Superior and Kingston streets.

"Fir Grove"

On Mount Tolmie Road, in acre blocks, this beautiful spot, fruit trees in blossom, soil the richest, and all tile drained.

"Carroll Extension"

Gorge Road, overlooking the "Arm," with view of the Harbor that is very fine.

"Oak Bay" Avenue

And FOWL BAY Road. Acres here at the price that they will be hereafter in the future.

HOUSES to Rent,
MONEY to Loan,
INSURANCES Effected,
ESTATES Managed.

KING MORSE'S ISLAND.

The Strange Life of a Former Resident of San Francisco.

He Reigns Supreme Over the Island of Sophia in the Pacific Ocean, Which with His Title He Has Purchased.

Amid all the trouble which is at present worrying the islanders of the south Pacific there is peace in plenty on one of the isles, says the San Francisco Chronicle. There guano flourishes in untold quantities; there are cocoanuts plentiful enough for armies of apes to play base-ball with, and the natives are absolutely friendly with one another, knowing not the hideous war-club. The little Eden referred to is known on every navigator's chart of the Pacific as Sophia island and the modern Adam who holds sway in it is a former San Franciscan named J. H. Morse. He is rex, chief, lord, or whatever other title has passed to him with the island.

The isle is his by purchase, and his royal title, like many others, was obtained for money. When he bought the island King Morse discovered it to be absolutely bald. There were no people, no trees, no houses. But to the mind ambitious to do the thinking for a small nation these objections were very small ones and within the probability of removal.

So King Morse caused hairs to grow on the bald pate of his kingdom, and today he wields his scepter of authority over a community of happy subjects, [illegible] assurance of an expert club-swinger.

A schooner recently arrived here from a trading voyage to the South seas, and from her commander, Captain Mollstad, came an interesting account of the noble chief and his black kingdom was received.

The location of Sophia island is considerably farther south than either the Carolines or Gilbert group, and the nautical position is latitude 10 degrees [illegible] minutes south, longitude 179 degrees 32 minutes east.

At one time it was peopled by quite a colony of natives, who were ruled by one of their tribe. The encroachments of the whites thinned them out, however, and a number of years ago the disgusted native chief went into insolvency for the benefit of his creditors—principally, however, for the benefit of himself. He disposed of his kingdom to some unknown person and his subjects swapped landlords. The new owner did not prove a pronounced success as a ruler, and this time, his second-hand subjects becoming disgusted, and, taking to their canoes, paddled away from Sophia to some friendly port in the Gilbert group, where they could be well fed and well ruled at the same time.

Having nobody to rule and feeling the weight and worthlessness of his ocean estate, the boycotted owner looked about for a good "buy."

It thus occurred that J. H. Morse happened along in a trading schooner one day and stopped at Sophia. After a good deal of bartering the tract changed hands a third time and fell into the possession of Mr. Morse in consideration of the sum of five thousand dollars.

With a laudable view of producing a new and novel type of race to distinguish his island from its many neighboring rivals, Mr. Morse induced a medley of whites, half-breeds, Samoans, and Gilbert islanders to take up their habitations in his colony, himself officiating from time to time as king, sheriff, clergyman, and employer.

The barren spots in the island were cleared, with a growth of banana and cocoanut trees in great abundance, and the island has been subdivided into homesteads and plantations. Houses were built and are still being erected. The island is rich in guano beds, which form one of the chief profits of its commerce with trading vessels.

King Morse governs his small empire with gentleness. He carries his code of laws in his mind, and does all the planning, ordering, and executing. He does not fear a revolution or a German protectorate, for he owns every foot of his territory. He is on the best of diplomatic terms with the chiefs of Bularlari, Tapateweal, and other islands of note, and is generally regarded as a power in South sea politics.

Mr. Morse, who is well known in this city, is a comparatively young man, and has for years been engaged in trading in the South Pacific. He is perfectly contented with his lot, and manifests no desire to mix again in the hurly-burly of the San Francisco world.

Captain Mollstall, who put into Sophia to avoid dangerous gales on his way to this port, states that the little Eden is increasing its prosperity. The crops are good and the resources of the place are great, considering its size and population.

Heads Like Olden Times.

A touching incident occurred at the Swedish court the other day. A countrywoman asked and obtained an audience of King Oscar, whom she told that she had tramped all the way to Stockholm from her dwelling in a remote part of the country in order to pray his Majesty to remit the remainder of a sentence of seven years' penal servitude passed upon her sister four years ago for having attempted to poison her (the applicant), in order to obtain possession of her watch and dresses, and from the effects of which she had only just recovered. King Oscar was greatly affected and promised the good woman that he would do all in his power to grant her prayer.

"The Bobbies and the Burglar."

A new English game is called "The Bobbies and the Burglar." It is played on a checker-board with seven pieces; six bobbies and one droll little burglar. The burglar is placed on the middle square, and the moves are all directed toward him. Each piece has its own move, and the game consists in the capture of the burglar by the six bobbies in twelve moves. If at the end of the twelfth move the burglar has still a way of escape, the person who manages his moves has won the game.

FUN BY FIRELIGHT.

How the Bavarians Amuse Themselves Long Winter Evenings.

As to amusement, you may trust a Bavarian not to be behind in that. The men meet almost nightly in the different inns and beer-houses, according to their status in the local society, where they have talk, singing, music, cards, etc., the large glass mugs of beer at their side being constantly replenished. The beer is fortunately light and wholesome, but the amount drunk is a serious expense, and much more than the men usually can properly afford.

Besides these nightly gatherings there are different clubs or societies that meet at certain times at one or other of the inns for an evening's amusement, some of them under the patronage of the priest. In many of them the women join, but the women's chief entertainments are kunkl or spinning parties at home, and very cozy and picturesque these spinning parties are.

The great feature in a Bavarian sitting-room is the large porcelain stove that stands out into the room, and that is usually lit from the passage outside. Round this stove a bench runs, making a delightfully warm seat, the back being the porcelain stove.

But besides this stove, in the older houses there is in the wall a hole with a chimney, where a particular sort of pine, that burns brightly without sending out sparks, is burned at night for the purpose of light only. In olden times, when such luxuries as lamps were unthought of, it was often the only means of illumination. Some still use them constantly; others keep them only for festive occasions. A man (generally the year of story-telling party) sits beside it to keep it replenished. The women have their spinning wheels or knitting, and the men sit in the dark corners; and there are always some to sing songs or tell stories or keep the fun going in some way.

One such scene especially recurs to me, says a writer in the National Review. Imagine an old, dark-panelled room. In her armchair, close to the stove, in the full light of the blazing pine wood, sits the handsome old hostress, in her picturesque costume, busy with her spinning wheel. A young woman with a wheel is in an opposite corner. Three daughters knitting and guests sit in a circle, more or less, the light playing on the varied faces and time-worn furniture as bright firelight alone can.

One man has a guitar, and two young girls sing Tyrolese songs and the compositions of one of the men present pleasantly together. At last schnapps of different kinds (a sort of cheap liqueurs) and delicious coffee, with home-made cake, are handedround, and the evening ends with hearty farewell greetings.

WHEN A KNOT IS NOT A KNOT.

Something About the Use of the Much-Abused Word.

To the average landlubber, and in fact to many seamen, the knot is the same thing as the geographical, nautical, or sea mile, and that is used solely to prevent confusion with the statute land mile. This use of the word, however, is improper, and the authorities in naval and marine matters abroad have taken the subject in hand of late, and are sending out the true meaning and usage of the salt-flavored unit.

The knot, they announce, is simply a unit for measuring speed at sea, and has nothing to do with distance, which is measured by the nautical mile of a little over 6,080 feet, says the New York Times. Their exact definition of a knot is "a speed of one nautical mile an hour," so that one knot is a speed of a little more than 101 feet a minute. Therefore, on a log line with a half-minute glass or time-interval, the distance between the knot should be nearly fifty-one feet. The word is derived from the knots on the log line, and the number of knots which pass over a ship's rail during the half-minute or other time measurement give the speed of the vessel.

In late years, through an exaggerated straining after precision in general marine writing, the expression "knots per hour," which from the above explanation may be seen to be a nautical barbarism, has jumped into use to express the speed of a ship. So the proper word mile has been practically displaced, and it is a common thing to read that "the City of Paris' daily run was 500 knots." This would be about 4 1-6 miles, which would be slow going even for a raft.

The word knot is also used incorrectly in speaking of coal endurance, as "the Growler's coal endurance is 26,000 knots at a 10-knot speed." One might as sensibly say "the vessel lay within two knots of her dock." Chief Engineer Isherwood of the United States navy, in his reports on speed trials, goes so far out of his way to avoid these errors that he uses the lengthy expression "geographical miles an hour" to express speed rather than use the simple, but much abused term, "knot."

The Size of Canada.

The area of the Dominion of Canada is estimated at 3,379,000 square miles, or, including its water surface, 3,519,000 square miles. It is the largest of all the British possessions, constituting 40 per cent. of the Empire, the total area of which is over 8,000,000 square miles. Canada lacks only 237,002 square miles of being as large as the whole continent of Europe; it is nearly thirty times as large as Great Britain and Ireland, and is 500,000 square miles larger than the United States, exclusive of Alaska. Canada covers more than 1-14 part of the earth's surface, but contains only 1-286 part of the population of the world.

Worn Out by Kissing.

A striking instance of the effect of trifles oft repeated is seen in a recent statement that a large quantity of the metal on the foot of the famous statue of St. Peter at the Vatican has been worn away by the frequent kisses of votaries. In order to prevent similar injury, the foot of a statue of the Saviour in the Minerva has been protected by a brass buskin, while the face of a bronze statue of the Saviour has been quite kissed away in the course of years.

UNLEAVENED BREAD.

Hebrew Bakers Are Three Months Preparing for the Passover.

Over three thousand years ago the Israelites made their exodus from bondage under Egyptian rulers, and ever since that time the week following the fifteenth day of the first Hebrew month, the month of Nisan, has been set aside for commemoration of their departure. It was on the night of the fourteenth of Nisan that the Hebrews, now numbering three million, were led to freedom by Moses. In chapters twelve and thirteen of Genesis the manner of celebration on the first night of the feast is partly told, and there it is commanded that unleavened bread be eaten on the first night and no leaven be kept in the house at any time during the week. This is in remembrance of the fact that the Jews in their hurry to leave Egypt were forced to take along unleavened bread, which they had to bake in the sun. A great many Israelites have a separate set of dishes to be used once a year during this week only, and those who have not an extra set of dishes scour out their dishes thoroughly. In Europe, when they happen to have any bread or other sort of leaven in the house the housewife locks the pantry and hands over the key to some old Christian friend of hers to keep till the feast is over.

The making of these unleavened cakes called matzos has come to be quite an industry in this country, says the Times-Star of Cincinnati. For three months before the feast of passover the matzos bakers are busy, and nearly eight million matzos are baked in this city from the middle of January to the middle of April. This represents about four hundred and forty-five thousand dollars.

Said the head baker at a large bakery: "We make about eight thousand matzos a day, for which we use four barrels of flour."

"Do you use the ordinary flour?"

"Yes, but it is the finest quality, and has to be examined by a Hebrew, who judges whether it is satisfactory. We buy ours in this city. Then the water used must be put into a vessel before sundown and remain to settle for the whole night. This bakery is for baking unleavened bread only, and every thing is especially got for this bakery, even to the rags we use."

"How do you prepare the flour?"

"We take, say, fifteen pounds of flour, and, mixing it with water, we put it into a copper kettle, where it is thoroughly mixed. Then this man, the kneader, takes it, and on this block by means of pressing on this heavy beam, he kneads the dough to the proper cohesiveness." The reporter saw a block, on top of which was a beam four feet long, fastened by a spring at the back of the block; and there was a man jumping on and off the beam, so as to make a sort of artificial kneader, the beam rising when the man jumped off.

"It is then taken to the next room," said the baker, "and about a third of it at a time is passed seven times through these rollers, which, you see, are arranged like a clothes-wringer's rollers, only these are iron. Having been so pressed, it is of the proper thickness. Care has to be taken here that while one piece of dough is being pressed the other pieces should not become too hard; therefore a man is continually beating them. The piece of dough, now a strip ten inches wide by ten feet long, is put under the hands of a man who uses a roller much like the ordinary dough roller, except that there are sharp projections sticking out all around to make little holes in the cakes. Next to him is a man with a sharpened wheel which he uses to cut the strip into pieces, each the length of a cake. These pieces are put into an oven, and in two minutes they are done."

And the gentleman handed the reporter a matzo, which was almost tasteless except for the slight browning it had received.

"Are these cakes made the same way in Europe?"

"No; abroad there is more hard work. Women knead the dough by hand, and the cakes are thicker than we make them here.

"Matzos cost about ten cents a pound, and the meal which we make by grinding broken matzos costs eleven cents a pound. We make one hundred pounds of meal a day."

In Tam O'Shanter Style.

Until recently it was the popular belief that a church in a Morgan County cemetery was haunted, says the Savannah News. A belated horseman took refuge in the church during a storm, when he saw the form of a woman standing in the pulpit, gesticulating in a threatening manner and at the same moment an unearthly laugh broke the stillness of the surroundings. Hastily beating a retreat, the man mounted his horse and was in the act of fleeing, when he felt an icy clutch from behind. Putting spurs to his frightened steed, he galloped off with the object still clinging on behind, its demoniacal laugh still ringing in his ears. Almost crazed by fright, he frantically drew rein at the nearest neighbor's and when his arrival was made known his friend found an old harmless idiot, commonly known as "Crazy Jane," still clinging to him, seated behind him on the horse. She it was who had given the church the reputation of being haunted.

Eaters of Earth.

Much has been written about the earth-eating tribes of various countries, but it is not generally known that the inhabitants of Penadova, a village of Portugal, have for generations eaten a variety of earth found in the neighborhood. It is said that any of them leaving home is afflicted with a singular malady with gastric symptoms unless he be provided with a supply of the earth. The reason of this is probably the presence of arsenic in the earth, which is known to produce these singular effects upon its habitual consumers.

As Bad as the Yankee.

In the case of thirty-four patent medicines and articles of [illegible] found badly adulterated by the government chemist of France, thirty-one had the printed statement: "We warrant the inclosed to be wholly and absolutely free from adulteration."

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT WE in and to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria for a transfer of the license of the Caledonia Saloon, situate corner of Cormorant and Store streets, from Joseph Carpenter to us.

Dated 12th day of August, 1891.

JOSEPH H. BROWN,
HENRY FOX.

au12-1d

NOTICE.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria, at its next regular meeting, for a license to sell and supply beer, porter and wines with meals, and not otherwise, at the Balmoral Restaurant, No. 49 Broad street, Victoria.

Dated 7th day of August, 1891.

F. W. GARLAND,
Balmoral Restaurant,
49 Broad street, Victoria.

au7-1m

NOTICE.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT I INTEND to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the city of Victoria at its next regular meeting for a transfer of my license to sell intoxicating liquors by retail at the premises situate on the corner of Store and Discovery streets, Victoria City, known as the Western Hotel, to Alexander Cameron McAlpin of the city of Victoria.

JOHN DOHERTY.

Dated Victoria, 5th August, 1891. au5-1m

NOTICE.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the city of Victoria at its next regular meeting for a transfer of the license to sell wines, liquors and cigars by retail at the the premises known as the Market Exchange, No. 19 Fort street, in the said city of Victoria, 84th to St. Michaels House of the same city.

(Signed) GEORGE THOMSON.

Dated July 30th, 1891. au31d

NOTICE.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT I INTEND to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the city of Victoria at its next regular meeting for a transfer of my license to sell intoxicating liquors at the Leland House on the corner of Douglas street and Queen's Avenue to H. T. Cole.

JOHN McCARTNEY.

jy24-1m

NOTICE.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT I INTEND to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria at its next regular meeting for a transfer of my license to sell intoxicating liquors by retail at the premises known as the Grand Pacific Hotel situated on Johnson and Store streets to Joseph Sauer.

JAMES DALEY.

Dated at Victoria the 1st day of August, 1891. au3-1m

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Licensing Board for a transfer of the license of the Gordon Hotel, Johnson street, from Charles Brewster to myself.

GEORGE DOGHERTY.

Victoria, August 6th, 1891. au7-1m

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.

W. BAKER & Co.'s Breakfast Cocoa

from which the excess of oil has been removed, is

Absolutely Pure and it is Soluble.

No Chemicals

are used in its preparation. It has *more than three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup.* It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, EASILY DIGESTED, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

TORONTO EXHIBITION.

MR. SAMUEL O'KELL has been appointed by us to collect exhibits to be sent with the Provincial exhibit at the Toronto Exhibition. We solicit for him the co-operation of all those interested in having this portion of British Columbia thoroughly represented at the Exhibition.

All non-perishable exhibits received will be returned in good order and condition, and any instructions as to their disposal will be faithfully carried out. Parties having exhibits of Agricultural, Horticultural and Industrial Products, Specimens of Minerals, Manufactures, Art, Fisheries, or anything that will illustrate the capabilities of this Province are requested to notify the committee, who will attend to the collecting.

Exhibits may be left at the Assembly Rooms, Fort street, where a competent person has been placed in charge to receive them.

C. F. RENOUF,
H. A. MUNN,
JOS. HUNTER,
} Committee.

aug

REMOVAL.

Caledonian Dye Works removed to 56 Douglas St., between Fort and View streets. Cleaning, Dyeing and Repairing at reasonable rates. ROBT. C. WARD.

aug13-1m

CASTLE & SON
MEMORIALS AND LEADED GLASS

CHURCH BELLS—TUBULAR CHIMES AND BELLS

CHURCH FURNITURE
MEMORIAL BRASSES
FONTS LECTERNS

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BARRISTERS & SOLICITORS.

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White House Block, Victoria, B. C.

P. BOX 384

P. WILSON,

Fruit and Vegetable Grower, Spring Ridge, has opened a

GROCERY AND FRUIT MARKET

AT 185 DOUGLAS STREET

Where he is selling first-class goods at very low prices. Call and see him. 1y28-1m

"The Western Canadian Ranching Company, Limited (Foreign)."

Registered the 30th day of June, 1891.

CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION.

THIS IS TO CERTIFY that I have this day registered "The Western Canadian Ranching Company, Limited (Foreign)," under the "Companies Act, Part IV., Registration of Foreign Companies."

The objects for which the Company is established are:—

1. To purchase or otherwise acquire any landed property, or any interest therein, in the Dominion of Canada, the United States of America, or elsewhere, and in particular certain estates situate in British Columbia, in the said Dominion, included for shortness of description under the general description of "Harpers' Ranches," with the farms, buildings, franchises, stock, cattle, horses, sheep, and produce thereon, and the minerals thereunder, and the business of cattle raising, breeding, dealing, and selling, saw and flour milling, and every other business which now is, or conveniently could be, carried on in connection therewith, and with a view thereto enter into the agreement referred to in clause 3 of the Company's Articles of Association, and to carry the same into effect with or without modification.

2. To purchase, or to take under any concession, lease, or in exchange, to hire, or otherwise acquire, settle, improve, farm and cultivate lands of any tenure, franchises, and hereditaments situate in the Dominion of Canada, the United States of America, or elsewhere, and any mines, minerals ships, steamboats, barges and other vessels, engines, railway wagons, tanks, reservoirs, manufacturing plant, apparatus, and stock-in-trade, and any other real and personal property of whatever description (including any rights or privileges), whether the same be unencumbered or subject to any mortgage, charge, lien, easements, privileges, licenses, concessions, or otherwise, and to develop and turn to account the resources of the lands, buildings, water, and other rights, and all other properties for the time being belonging to the Company in such manner as the Company may think fit, and in particular by building any kind of structure thereupon, planting, reclaiming, clearing, mining, quarrying, excavating, road-making, damming, draining, fencing, grazing, breeding, and otherwise treating, cultivating, and working the same, and to stock lands and farms, and to breed, grow, and deal in all kinds of stock, cattle, horses, sheep, and produce, and to erect and maintain thereon suitable buildings and structures, including slaughtering refrigerating, and converting establishments.

3. To carry on the business of farmers, graziers, agisters, cattle, sheep, and horse breeders and dealers, meat and fruit preservers, millers, bakers, brewers, planters, miners, metallurgists, smelters, quarry owners, brick makers, builders, contractors for works, both public and private, wool and other merchants, store-keepers, importers and exporters, ship-builders, ship-owners, and any other business which may seem calculated, directly or indirectly, to develop the Company's property, or any part thereof, or which may conveniently be carried on in connection with any other business of the Company.

4. To carry on business as timber merchants, saw-mill proprietors, and timber growers, and to buy, sell, grow, and prepare for market, manipulate, import, export, and deal in timber and wood of all kinds, and to buy, lease, or otherwise acquire, clear, plant and work timber estates or timber rights.

5. To aid, encourage, and promote immigration, emigration, colonization, and settlement, and for such purposes to lend and grant any sums of money, and to act as agents therefor, and to build, lay out, settle, colonize and develop towns and villages on the lands acquired or controlled by the Company from time to time.

6. To search for, prospect, examine and explore mines and grounds supposed to contain minerals or precious stones, and to search for and obtain information in regard to mines, to purchase, lease, or otherwise acquire, and to sell, dispose of, and deal with mines and mining rights of all kinds, and to work, execute, exercise, develop, and turn to account mines and mining rights, and any undertakings connected therewith.

7. To advance money at interest to any person or corporation on the security of freehold and leasehold land, stock, stations, wool, cattle produce, crops, shares, securities, merchandise, and other property in the Dominion of Canada, the United States of America, or elsewhere, and generally to lend and advance money to such persons, and upon such terms, and subject to such conditions as may seem expedient, and to buy, manufacture, deal in, and sell all kinds of goods, chattels, merchandise, produce, and effects.

8. To construct, execute, carry out, equip, improve, work, administer, manage, or control railways, tramways, warehouses, mills, stores, shops, markets, churches, hospitals, baths, and public and private works of all kinds in the said Dominion of Canada, the United States of America, or elsewhere, which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of any property in which the Company is interested.

9. To establish and subsidize any institution, club, or conveniences for the benefit of the Company's employees, and of any tenants or other person in whose welfare the Company is interested, and to provide for their religious, sanitary, social, and educational welfare, and to grant money for these purposes or any of them.

10. To purchase, or otherwise acquire and undertake all or any part of the business, property, and liabilities of any person, firm, or company possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this Company, or carrying on, or about to carry on, any business which this Company is authorized to carry on, or which is capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this Company, and to enter into partnership, or into any arrangement for sharing profits, for union of interests, reciprocal concession, or co-operation, or amalgamation, either in whole or in part, with any such company, firm or person.

11. To take, or otherwise acquire, and hold, or sell shares, stock, bonds, debentures, or any other interest in any other company, whether British, Colonial or Foreign, in which the liability of the members is limited, having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this Company, or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as to directly or indirectly benefit this Company, and to subsidize, or otherwise assist, any such Company.

12. To obtain any provisional order, or Act of Parliament, or legislative provision, decree, or order of any Colony, Government, body, or authority to incorporate the members as a body politic or corporate, in accordance with the laws and constitution of any country or state in which the Company shall be carrying on, or be desirous of carrying on, any of its operations, and to take all steps and do all things necessary to give the Company, or any company subsidiary thereto, a legal domicile in any such country or state, and such legislative powers as will facilitate the carrying into effect of the objects of the Company therein.

13. To borrow and raise money for the purposes of the Company in such manner and upon such terms as the Company shall think fit, and to secure the repayment thereof by bonds or debentures, or by redeemable or unredeemable debenture stock (such bonds, debentures, and debenture stock being to bearer or otherwise), or by any other instruments, or by deposit, receipts, bills of exchange, or promissory notes, or in such other manner as may be determined, and for any such purposes, if so agreed, to charge all or any part of the property of the Company (both present and future) including the uncalled capital.

14. To transact all manner of agency and commission business, and in particular to act as agents for any person or company in the purchase, sale, improvement, or management in any way of any lands, horses, cattle, stock, or other property, in the Dominion of Canada, the United States of America, or elsewhere, where the company may for the time then being be carrying on business, and to carry on the business of general commercial, mercantile, shipping, or forwarding agents, or agents for any railway, steamship, or other company.

15. To lend or advance money to such persons on such terms as may seem expedient, and in particular to customers of and persons having dealings with the Company, and to guarantee the performance of contracts by members of or persons having dealings with the Company.

16. To invest and deal with the moneys of the Company not immediately required upon such securities, and in such manner, as may from time to time be determined, but not in the purchasing of or dealing in the shares of the Company.

17. To make, draw, accept, indorse, discount and execute promissory notes, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments.

18. To promote any other company for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property, rights and liabilities of the Company, or for any other purpose which may seem, directly or indirectly, calculated to benefit this Company.

19. To sell, dispose of by sale, lease, underlease, exchange, surrender, mortgage, or otherwise absolutely, conditionally, or for any limited interest, all or any part of the remaining property, rights, and privileges of the Company, to a going concern, or otherwise, to any public body, company, society, or association, or to any person or persons, and in particular to any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this Company, and to accept as the consideration, or part of the consideration, for such disposal money, stock, shares, debentures, or other securities, either for distribution in specie among the members, or otherwise.

20. To use, work, develop, grant licenses and otherwise make profits by dealings with and turning to account all or any part of the undertaking and property of the Company, and for this purpose to determine how much of the proceeds of sale or realization thereof is to be deemed capital, and how much profit, and to distribute any such profits amongst the members in specie or otherwise.

21. To allot the shares of the Company, credited as fully or partly paid up, as the whole or part of the purchase price for any property purchased by the Company, or for any valuable consideration.

22. To remunerate any person or persons for services rendered, or to be rendered, in placing, or guaranteeing the placing, of any shares or securities of the Company, or in relation to to the establishment of the Company, or the conduct of its business, and to apply and appropriate such parts of the capital of the Company as may be expedient to the payment of such brokerage, discounts, or other expenses as may be deemed incidental to the formation and promotion of the Company, and the placing of its shares and debentures, or any part thereof.

23. To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors, trustees, or otherwise, and by or through trustees, agents, or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others, and to contract for the carrying on of the operations connected with the Company's business, or any of them, by any person, company, or other association.

24. To carry out the objects comprised in each paragraph of this clause as fully and ample a manner, and construed in as wide a a sense as they would be construed if each paragraph of this clause defined the objects of a separate, distinct, and independent company, and so that such objects shall not, except where otherwise expressed in such paragraph, be restricted by reference to the objects indicated in any other paragraph.

25. To do all such other things as in fact are, or as the company shall consider to be, incidental or conducive to the above objects, or any of them, and so that the word "company" in this memorandum, except where used in reference to this company, shall be deemed to include any partnership or other body of persons, whether incorporated or not incorporated, and wherever domiciled.

The amount of the capital stock of the said Company is $100,000, divided into 20 [illegible] shares of $100 each, and 200 ordinary shares of $50 each.

The place of business of the said company is located at the City of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia.

In testimony whereof, I have hereto set my hand and affixed my seal of office, this 30th day of June, 1891, at the City of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

July 16-1m.

EXAMINE THIS

List of fine property, among which may be found bottom prices for the close buyer, good investments for the speculator and choice residential sites for the builder.

NEW SUBDIVISION—JUST ON THE MARKET.

That fine piece of property on the Saanich Road, a few minutes' walk from the tram car, known as the Speed Homestead, has been subdivided into 36 full size lots, ranging in price from $300 to $800 for corners. Terms easy.

40 Acres Carey Road, nice land, 21 miles from city, per acre	$ 200
25 Acres Carey Road, all cleared	300
Lot Fourth Street, Work Estate	650
Lot Garbally Road	750
Lot Dunedin Street	700
3 Fine Lots Langford Street, Victoria West	750
Nice House and Lot Pioneer Street	3,000
House and Lot on Cook Street, rents for $41 per month	4,000
House, 7 rooms, Victoria West	2,800
2 Corner Lots James Bay, each	750
Lot Douglas Street	2,200
1 Lot Broad Street, cheap.	
1 Acre Belcher Street	2,500
Fine Corner Douglas Street	32,000
2 Houses, 2 Lots, Frederick Street	10,000
2 Lots, fine corner, James Bay	2,500

Several nice Cottages to rent.

Interest and Rents Collected.

Conveyancing Carefully Attended to.

F. G. RICHARDS, Jr.,

51 Yates Street, Victoria, B.C.,

REAL ESTATE AGENT AND NOTARY PUBLIC.

JOHN MESTON

CARRIAGE MAKER

BLACKSMITH, ETC.

Broad street, between Johnson and Pandora streets.

VICTORIA B. C.

CHAS HAYWARD
ESTABLISHED 1867
FUNERAL DIRECTOR & EMBALMER
32 GOVERNMENT ST. VICTORIA

SNOWFLAKE

FLOUR

FOR FAMILY USE.

IN THE BAG.

Ask your Grocer for it. Have no Other.

Manufactured by

ISOM LANNING & CO.,

ALBANY, OREGON.

RATS AS MELON THIEVES.

Strange Sights Witnessed by a Veracious Groceryman.

Readers of the children's stories of the good old times have seen again and again in the juvenile magazines stories alleged to be true of rats carrying off eggs and other small objects, displaying all but human ingenuity in doing so—one rat clasping the egg in his legs and being towed away by the others. A Sixth avenue (Troy, N Y.) grocer tells a story that eclipses all these, and he is ready, he says, to make an affidavit that he saw the occurrence with his own eyes. This is the story as he told it to one of the Troy Union's reporters:

"I have missed melons from my store from time to time—mostly muskmelons, but in one or two instances large watermelons. Of course I suspected boys of being the thieves—there is a tough little gang that hangs around here—and I set a watch. That day and the next we caught boys stealing apples and peaches, but that is an every-day occurrence with almost every grocer and I was pretty well satisfied that the boys were not the thieves I wanted. The next thing that came to be a certainty with me was that the stealing was done in the night. I could find no signs of any one breaking into the store, and the cash-drawer was always untouched. So night before last I watched from six o'clock until midnight with a revolver and a bull's-eye lantern. And I discovered the thieves. They were rats.

"It was about 8:30 when I heard a scampering over the floor near the stand where the melons lay. I turned the bull's-eye on the place and saw five large rats, three on the floor and two up beside a big watermelon on the bench, a foot or eighteen inches above. They didn't seem to mind the glare of the bull's-eye, which threw a strong light upon them but left me in the darkness. The two rats on the bench, standing on their hind legs, pushed the melon off and it fell with a crushing sound to the floor, splitting into three pieces, though held together more or less by the tissue of the melon.

"With their sharp teeth and claws they quickly cut the thing apart, allowing some seeds and water to run out on the floor. Then, with much struggling and pushing and pulling, two of the rats on their backs on the floor got pieces of the melon on top of them. One other assisted each of them to keep the melon steady, and the fifth caught each in turn by the tail and by hard pulling dragged them to the cellar stairs. Here the heavy freight was pushed off the rats which had served as carts and rolled down-stairs. This was repeated until every particle of the melon disappeared, seeds and all. I shot the last rat as he paused at the head of the stairs, and I have not missed any melons since."

THE MOON.

Two Things About Her Which Most Every One Should Know.

There are one or two things about the moon that every one should know. Let me mention them, writes Prof. E. S. Holden, of Lick Observatory, to the Youth's Companion. How bright is the full moon, do you think? Suppose you look up at the moon on the next clear night. The sky is a pure, pale blue and the moon is almost dazzlingly bright against it. If the whole canopy of the sky were made up of full moons, and if one were in the center of such a shining shell, one might think that the glare would be intolerable.

But let us see. This very same moon you have often seen in the day time as a pale white disc just barely visible against the background of the sky. In fact, unless you know exactly where to look, you may require a minute or two to find it.

That means that the daylight sky is not so very different in brilliancy from the nearly full moon; or it means that you could very well live under a sky whose every part was just as bright as the moon itself.

We may say, then, that the brightness of the moon is not very much greater than the brightness of the same area of sky. The total light of the full moon can be compared with the total light of the sun, though it is a very difficult problem, and the result will be that the sun is as bright as 680,000 full moons.

Once again, you ought to know and remember how large the moon is. Its diameter is about 2,000 miles—one-fourth of the earth—and its angular diameter is about a half a degree. As there are 180 degrees from the east point to the west point of the horizon measured through the zenith, there is room for 360 full moons in an arch spanning the heavens from east to west, each one touching the rims of those next it.

Another thing, too, you should notice and understand. The moon looks larger near the horizon than it does when it is overhead. The common explanation of this fact is essentially the true one; that is, the low moon is near enough to the horizon to be compared with hills, or trees or houses, and consequently it looks large; while the high moon is isolated, and one has no term of comparison.

In both cases the angular diameter is about half a degree, as you can prove for yourself with a little ingenuity.

Use and Abuse of Perfumes.

Let fair women beware of using perfumes of pronounced and aggressive odors, lest she offend and alienate the regard of her friends. One of the chief causes of the separation of the King of Holland from his first wife was the penchant of Queen Sophia for the scent of musk, which odor was intensely disagreeable to her royal consort. So generously did she indulge her passion for this perfume that not only were her own apartments permeated with it, her clothes, hair and belongings offensive with it, but any room through which she passed would smell for days after of her favorite perfume. The secret of the fascinating fragrance which seems to surround and emanate from dainty women lies ever in the constant use of most delicate and faint perfumes whose odor is intangible and suggestive, rather than in the liberal use of permeating and intense odors which are sure to offend some sensitive olfactory organism.

ARMENIANS IN AMERICA.

Plans to Found a New Damascus on This Side of the Ocean.

It is estimated that there are now in this country about eighteen thousand Armenians. They are mostly engaged in trade. The headquarters are in New York City, and a few hundred men control the whole under a sort of patriarchal system of government which they all recognize with that traditional respect for authority which is peculiar to men of the East. Some of the leaders have grown very rich by the importation of Eastern goods which are sold by their peddlers throughout the country. Others have, with Yankee shrewdness, got into the manufacture of imitative Eastern goods which are peddled by real Arabs whose personal appearance serves to give purchasers confidence in the genuineness of the articles sold. There are among the capitalists some who bear to their dependents about the same relation that the patrons do to the Italians. The natives who come here very poor have money advanced to them for passage, and when they get here they are supported for awhile and trusted with goods to sell until they are able to accumulate a little capital.

Numbers of these Syrians and Arabs have settled in New York City in the lower wards. They are frugal and industrious and look forward to the time when they may join the select class of leaders who employ the others. They settle their difficulties among themselves and are averse to appealing to the courts. The decision of their accepted leader is considered binding and final.

Recently a project has been started among them to found a new Damascus here. A syndicate of Armenian capitalists has been formed with a view to the purchase of several thousand acres of land in some favorable locality near the coast, where the settlers may find suitable employment for all—raising fruit growing and farming, and where the Syrian emigrants may find congenial occupation.

The rich Armenians who have planned this scheme propose to supply all the necessary funds to bring the immigrants here, to purchase the land and stock it and to found a city. Capital will be loaned to the immigrants until they are able to start on their own account, and they will be encouraged to buy the land as soon as possible.

The location of the new Damascus has not yet been determined. The capitalists who started the scheme, and who prefer not to be known as yet by name, have authorized Townsend Scudder, a lawyer of New York, to look out for the desired tract of land, which will probably be in the South or Southwest.

New Use for Old Hose.

While dredging on the oyster beds near New London, Conn., recently an oysterman brought up something, which at first sight looked like a lifeless sea serpent covered with immense scales, but on examination it turned out to be a strip of hose seven feet long and three inches in diameter, completely hidden by the bivalves, which had become fastened to it. By actual count there was over 1,000 oysters on that piece of hose.

Mothers!

Castoria is recommended by physicians for children teething. It is a purely vegetable preparation, its ingredients are published around each bottle. It is pleasant to the taste and absolutely harmless. It relieves constipation, regulates the bowels, quiets pain, cures diarrhœa and wind colic, allays feverishness, destroys worms, and prevents convulsions, soothes the child and gives it refreshing and natural sleep. Castoria is the children's panacea—the mothers' friend. 35 doses, 35 cents.

Oriental Hotel, Vancouver.

Passengers going east can have lunch, free bus to and from hotel, and use of parlors six hours, for 50 cents. jy31-m

Fatal Floods.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 18.—Steamer Newburn arrived from Mexican ports this morning, bringing news of the destruction of the town of San Jose del Kapo, on the Gulf of Mexico, by floods. Several lives were lost and a thousand families rendered homeless.

Makes the Weak Strong

The marked benefit which people in run down or weakened state of health derive from Hood's Sarsaparilla, conclusively proves the claim that this medicine "makes the weak strong." It does not act like a stimulant, imparting fictitious strength from which there must follow a reaction of greater weakness than before, but in the most natural way Hood's Sarsaparilla overcomes

That Tired Feeling

creates an appetite, purifies the blood, and, in short, gives great bodily, nerve, mental and digestive strength.

"I derived very much benefit from Hood's Sarsaparilla, which I took for general debility. It built me right up, and gave me an excellent appetite." ED. JENKINS, Mt. Savage, Md.

Fagged Out

"Last spring I was completely fagged out. My strength left me and I felt sick and miserable all the time, so that I could hardly attend to my business. I took one bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and it cured me. There is nothing like it." R. C. BEGOLE, Editor Enterprise, Belleville, Mich.

Worn Out

"Hood's Sarsaparilla restored me to good health. Indeed, I might say truthfully it saved my life. To one feeling tired and worn out I would earnestly recommend a trial of Hood's Sarsaparilla." MRS. PHEBE MOSHER, 50 Brooks Street, East Boston, Mass.

N. B. If you decide to take Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to buy anything else instead. Insist upon having

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

AMUSEMENTS.

SAME AS LAST YEAR.

$15,000.00

11th ANNUAL

St. Leger Sweep

EQUALLY DIVIDED AMONGST STARTERS (If 15 start, $600 each), $9,000.
EQUALLY DIVIDED AMONGST NON-STARTERS, $6,000.
NOTE—No special Prizes for 1st, 2nd and 3rd

Three Thousand Tickets at $5 each.

GUARANTEED TO FILL.

Drawing, Monday, Sept. 7; Race, Sept. 9.

Result of Drawing mailed to all Subscribers outside of Montreal.

R. H. BRAND,
au831 Billiard Room Windsor Hotel, Montreal.

GREAT

Gathering of the Clans!

THE SIR WM. WALLACE SOCIETY
—AND THE—
B. C. Scottish Pipers' Association
—WILL HOLD THEIR—

GAMES

In the Caledonian Grounds, on
SATURDAY,
29---AUGUST---29

Prizes from $50 down. Programme will appear in future issue. See bills.
C. CAMERON,
aug13 Secretary.

THE B. C.

Agricultural Association

Will hold their

ANNUAL EXHIBITION

In their new building, at
The Driving Park, Victoria, B.C.
—ON—
SEPT. 29 and 30, OCT. 1, 2 and 3.

SPECIAL ATTRACTIONS

EXTENSIVE PRIZE LIST.

Northwest Firemen's Association Tournament.

HORSE RACING. FIREWORKS.
SPORTS OF ALL KINDS.

au8-td

McLennan & McFeely

70 YATES STREET,
—FOR—
Garden Hose,
Lawn Sprinklers,
Preserving Kettles,
Ice Cream Freezers,
Refrigerators,
Oil Stoves,
—AND—

Jubilee Ranges

MUNICIPAL.

SEPARATE TENDERS will be received at the office of the undersigned until the 20th day of October next, at 4 p.m., for supplying winter uniforms, and shoes for the Police Force. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. By order. (Signed)
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.
City Hall, Victoria, August 12th, 1891.

MRS. McGREGOR,

MID-WIFE

Has Diploma from the University of Edinburgh.

—RESIDENCE:—
Corner Douglas and Cormorant Streets.
feb20

COAL

The New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co., L'd.

(FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.)

ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL (Used principally for Gas and Domestic Purposes.)

THE SOUTH FIELD COAL (Steam Fuel).

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL
(House and Steam Coal) are mined by this Company only.

THE "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, a high Illuminating Power, unequalled by any other bituminous Gas Coal in the world, and a superior quality of Coke.

THE "SOUTH FIELD" COAL is now used by all the Leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.

THE "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early in the present year, has already become a favorite fuel for domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal, makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the most economical fuel in the market.

The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay, where ships of the largest tonnage are loaded at all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean steamers.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent.

Dec. 30.

AUCTION SALES.

J. P. DAVIES & CO.,

AUCTIONEERS.

Wednesday, Aug. 26.

We have received instructions from J. J. Rudsell, Esq., to sell at
STRAWBERRY VALE FARM,
Burnside Road, at 12 o'clock noon,
TWO CLYDESDALE MARES,
both in foal by Simpson's Pedigreed Horse.
ONE 2-YEAR-OLD GELDING,
Will make a first-class Roadster.
ONE PURE BRED BERKSHIRE BROOD SOW
Also young Boar and Sow, pure bred Berkshire.
A STACK OF WHEAT STRAW.
FIRST CLASS FAMILY CARRIAGE,
suitable for Livery.
FARM IMPLEMENTS—Waggon, Dumpcart, Harness, Hay Press, Etc.
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—Bedroom Suites in Black Walnut and Maple, Tables, Chairs, Crockery, Etc.
D.B.B.L. GUN and WINCHESTER RIFLE and Ammunition.
About 150 Chickens and a 900-lb. Fairbanks Scale.
TERMS—Bills under $150 cash; over $150 and under $250, 30 days; over $250, 90 DAYS, on approved endorsed notes.

J. P. DAVIES & CO., AUCTIONEERS.
aug

AUCTION SALE

I am instructed to sell by public auction, at 7:30 p.m., at Messrs. Routledge & Co.'s Real Estate Office,
111 GOVERNMENT ST.
WITHOUT RESERVE,
WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c.
W. R. CLARKE,
Auctioneer.
This sale will be continued a few nights longer, commencing MONDAY EVENING.
au 17-tf

-:-SUCCESS-:-
can be achieved by
UNTIRING INDUSTRY,
CAREFUL ECONOMY
and judicious
ADVERTISING.

TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED UP TO noon of Saturday, the 22nd instant for the erection and completion of brick and stone building to be built at Nanaimo.

Plans and specifications can be seen at my office.

Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

THOMAS HOOPER,
Architect,
au15-tt Over Spencer's Arcade.

MUNICIPAL NOTICE.

The Saanich road, from Market street to the City boundary, is again open for traffic.

JOHN GRANT,
Mayor.
Victoria, August 18th, 1891. au18
Colonist copy.

MUNICIPAL NOTICE.

Until further notice the Saanich Road, from Market Street to Garbally Road, is closed to traffic.

JOHN GRANT,
July 18, 1891. Mayor.

S.S. HYAMS

ONLY OPTICIAN IN TOWN.

OPTICIAN, 32 FORT STREET, ONE DOOR from Government, Victoria, B. C. Perfected Spectacles and Eye Glasses always on hand and carefully adjusted to sight. Twenty five years' experience in fitting glasses. Satisfaction guaranteed. OPTICAL GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. dec20-ly

NEW JAPANESE GOODS

Just received

A large consignment, direct from Japan. The finest lot of Japanese goods in the city.

ROKUBAN CO.

150 GOVERNMENT ST.

R'Y WOOD YARD.

For Sixty Days from date we will sell first-class Cordwood at

$4.00, C.O.D.

Office 68 Yates street, and in the Railway Yard. Telephones 415 and 466.

W. A. BISSETT,
jy15-1m Agent.

G. A. McTAVISH

Has now on exhibition at his greenhouses, Park Road,

SEVENTY-FIVE VARIETIES

Of the best and newest
ENGLISH AND FRENCH

PELARGONIUMS

These are now a blaze of lovely colors well worth a visit.

COME AND SEE THEM.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

TO OUR PATRONS—The Victoria Electric Company purpose immediately entering upon an extension of their works by the erection of a new and commodious plant house and plant of large capacity, capable of accommodating the ever-increasing demand.

The new station will be located on Constance street, where, aided by superior facilities for the production of Light, Power, etc., combined with large output, they will be able to offer even better service, at a very materially reduced cost to consumers.

Pending the completion of these works, every effort will be made to continue the present reliable service, and to deal with patrons fairly. Any believing, however, that they have a grievance are invited to have the difficulty adjusted by presentation to the undersigned.

LOUIS REDON,
President.

JNO. T. PIERRE,

MERCHANT TAILOR AND DYER,

Has removed to his new block, Douglas Street, two doors south of City Hall.

au4-tf

FOR SALE

ON THE FRASER RIVER,

160 ACRES.

Good land, in Township 14, New Westminster District. For further particulars apply to
D. W. SUTHERLAND,
jy13-tf Mt. Lehman, B.C.

TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS ARE REQUIRED for excavating for cellars on Douglas Street, by 5 p.m. of Wednesday, August 26th. Particulars to be obtained at the offices of the undersigned. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

CORNELIUS J. SOULE,
jy17-1m Architect, Turner Block.

JAMES L. RAYMUR,

ACCOUNTANT,

Auditor for Corporation City of Victoria.

Books made up, statements and balance sheets prepared, and a general accountant business transacted. Address, City Hall, Victoria, B.C. aug13-1m

THOS. STOREY
Funeral Director & Embalmer
jy2 42 and 44 Gov't St., Victoria. jy

NEW WELLINGTON

COAL

This Coal, mined by The New Vancouver Coal Company by UNION LABOR only, is supplied by the following Coal Merchants, at current rates:

The Victoria Coal, Wood & Lumber Yard.
Charles Rattray, Janion's Wharf.
Rock Bay Coal Yard.
Central Coal Yard.

"Nanaimo" Coal can be obtained from W. T. Drake.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent.
dec30

NOTICE.

From and after this date Blanshard street is closed, from Fairfield road to Dallas road, pending putting in sewer.

A. J. SMITH,
Chairman Street Committee.
June 27, 1891.

B. C. POTTERY AND TERRA COTTA CO. (Limited).

Authorized Capital, $60,000

OFFICE
61 YATES STREET (Upstairs)
WORKS,
CONSTANCE COVE ROAD,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Vitrified Sewer Pipe,
Agricultural Drain Tile,
Terra Cotta Vases,
Chimney Tiles and Tops,
Flower Pots, Etc.

Ornamental Work for Buildings A SPECIALTY.

MUNN & CO. SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN AGENCY for PATENTS
A pamphlet of information and abstract of the laws, showing How to Obtain Patents, Caveats, Trade Marks, Copyrights, and How Address MUNN & CO. 361 Broadway, New York.

C. B. LOCKART & CO.,

Funeral Directors and Embalmers.

PARLORS: Corner of Broughton and Trounce Avenue. ... 5a13

JOS. BAYLEY,

AUCTIONEER,

Appraiser and Valuer.

Cash advanced on all consignments, from $5 to $20,000.
Office—Trentham Hotel, Esquimalt Road.
jy7 40

WING ON

Pioneer Grocer and Provision Dealer

INTELLIGENCE BUREAU
All Kinds of Chinese Help Furnished.
Cormorant street.
jy11tf

THE

VANCOUVER ISLAND LAND & INVESTMENT CO.

(Late Bourchier, Croft & Mallette)

The Leading Real Estate Brokers of Victoria, B.C.

TO DEPOSITORS

The British Columbia Land & Investment Agency, Ld.

(SUCCESSORS TO ALLSOP & MASON.)

In view of the low rate of interest given by the Dominion Savings Bank Department, and the restrictions imposed as to the amount to be deposited, this Company is now prepared to receive money on deposit, in large or small amounts, at interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, and on favorable terms as to notice, etc.

The offices of the Company have been removed to 40 Government street, the premises lately occupied by the Telegraph Company.

Dec. 30.

STANLEY HOUSE

General Dry Goods

Cor. Broad and Yates.

In addition to our well assorted stock of GENERAL DRY GOODS we have received a choice shipment of

Dress :-- --:Tweeds

in the very latest patterns.

W.S. HAMPSON & CO.

A NEW KIND OF INSURANCE

For 50 cents you can insure yourself and family against any bad results from cold, coughs, whooping cough and croup during the changeable weather. One or two doses of Braden's Cough Cure will convince you that it is one of the few cough remedies worthy of standing in the front ranks to fight these dangerous foes.

D. E. CAMPBELL,
Proprietor and Manufacturer.

25 cents will insure you against any bad result from an attack attack of bowel complaint during the summer. One or two doses of DR. JELLOWS' CORDIAL OF BLACKBERRY AND JAMAICA GINGER will cure any ordinary case. It never fails, and is pleasant and safe to take. No one can afford to travel without it.—D. E. CAMPBELL, Sole Agent, corner Fort and Douglas streets, Victoria, B.C.

CAMPBELL'S PRESCRIPTION STORE

PAGE & MacGREGOR'S REALTY EXCHANGE

18--Trounce Avenue--18

READ OUR SPECIAL LIST.

$625—Will buy lot on Jubilee avenue, 50x120 feet, $125 cash, balance in 18 months.

$1250—For a large lot Tennyson St., Chaucer Cedar Estate, 50x120 feet. See P. & M.

$850—Will purchase that large lot on car line. See P. & M.

$975—You can own that cosy cottage on Jubilee avenue, with pear orchard. See P. & M.

$400—What's the matter with that Lampson St. lot? It's a large lot! Terms! See P. & M.

$600—Each will secure the best two elevated lots in Beacon's Park. Somebody will be sorry if they miss this beautiful site.

$20—Will buy a lot on equal monthly payments, and will secure a nice lot in Fairwood.

$1050—Half cash will secure lot on Dallas Rd., 50x120 to a lane near Park. See P. & M.

$20—Per month, with large lot 5 years, gets you a cottage in the Creek, Kingston St., near Douglas St. Subdivider. See P. & M.

$790—Lot on Michigan St., close to Government buildings. Half cash; balance 1, 2, 3.

$1200—House, 5 rooms and basement, Victoria Week. One-third cash; balance 1, 2, 3. Call on P. & M.

In fact, if you require a House, or Lot, in any part of the city

FIRST call on P. & M.

As they have many bargains to offer, first come, first served. Nothing but the best handled by P. & M.

Money to Loan, Houses to Rent, Rents Collected and Conveyancing neatly and accurately done. All business left with us will receive prompt attention.

PAGE & MacGREGOR,

18 TROUNCE AVENUE,

Notaries Public, Real Estate and Insurance Agents.

Dominion Building and Loan Association

Of Toronto (capital $10,000,000).

A. H. Wilson, sole agent, will be open under this heading for a few days only. Call at office and see the wonderful advantages this Association offers to its members.

WEATHER REPORT.

VICTORIA, B. C., August 19, 1891.
Corrected by Mr. F. C. Gamble, C. E.

Time	Ther'tor	Bar.	Wind.	Remarks.
4 a.m.	62.0	30.01	S E by S	Cloudy
6 a.m.	54.0	30.02	S	"
8 a.m.	54.0	30.00	"	"
10 a.m.	56.0	30.05	"	Fair
1 p.m.	60.0	30.11	S by W.	"

Temperature—Highest, 68; lowest, 47.

TIDE RECORD—VICTORIA HARBOR, B.C.

For 24 hours ending 1 p.m. Aug 19, 1891.

Datum—Ordinary low water Spring tides.

Lowest water observed 1.5 below datum, Jan. 10 and 11, 1891.

Highest, 10.16 above datum, Dec. 25, 1890.

THURSDAY, Aug. 18.				WEDNESDAY, Aug. 19.			
H.	Tide ft. above datum.	H.	Tide ft. above datum.	H.	Tide ft. above datum.	H.	Tide ft. above datum.
0	5.70	8	7.25	1	8.75	8	*.25
2	6.59	9	7.06	2	8.59	9	*.35
4	8.73	10	6.16	3	7.42	10	.66
6	6.83	11	5.09	4	5.92	11	1.67
8	7.06	12	4.73	5	4.33	12	3.6
9	7.16			6	2.42	1	4.75
10	7.25			7	.50		

*Tide in feet below datum.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World, Here and Elsewhere.

LAWN TENNIS.

VICTORIA TENNIS TOURNAMENT.

Although the weather had cleared up and the atmosphere overhead was all that could be desired yesterday, the ground was a little slow for tennis. Notwithstanding this, there was considerable interest displayed in the tournament of the Victoria Lawn Tennis Club. In the open singles Stanhope beat Ward, 6-1, 6-0; Morley defeated W. Langley, 6-3, 6-2; Alexander vanquished Marshall, 6-1, 6-2; and A. Langley was overthrown by Coombe, 6-0, 6-1. Rankes conquered Warsfold, 6-2, 6-3; and Walker, Chrickmay, by default. Gibbs beat Hayes, 6-3, 6-4; and Cuppage, Hills, 6-0, 4-6, 6-0. This ended the first round; in the second but one match was played, Alexander, to the surprise of almost everyone, beating Coombe, 6-3, 2-6, 6-1.

In the ladies' singles, Miss Crease vanquished Mrs. Baillie-Grohman, and Marshall beat Stanhope, Warsfold beat Pemberton, and W. Langley beat Ward in the handicap singles.

AQUATICS.

The prospects for a good season of rowing on the coast have suddenly become very favorable. Peterson's defeat of McLean and the arrival of Dutch and Stephenson from the colonies have whetted the public appetite for a series of races, and they are likely to be arranged. Peterson will be immediately challenged by Dutch, and Teemer will challenge the winner of the next race. O'Connor, Gaudaur, McKay and Hanlan have all written that they will come to the coast if there are any prospects of a race, and it is settled that Stanbury and Kemp will be here early next year. Besides the single-scull races mentioned above, Dutch and Stephenson are ready to sign with a couple of good men for a double-scull race.

BASEBALL.

THE TOWN GONE CRANKY.

It was always known that a majority of the people across the line took a great interest in their national game but Seattle has now got a team that caps the climax. There are lots of ladies' teams throughout the States but this is even better than that. Last week the lawyers of Seattle become anxious for a game, the gate receipts to go to some charitable institution. They therefore sent in a challenge to the ministers of the city, hardly, however, expecting that it would be accepted. The ministers looked them and say that they are ready to play at any time. It has been stipulated that the worst players in each profession shall play.

LACROSSE.

The Lacrosse Club have received an invitation from the people of Portland to play a game in that city with the Westminster team during Exposition week. The citizens agree to pay all the expenses of the teams while they are away, but the boys think they should receive something outside of their expenses. The secretary, however, has written to Westminster, and no doubt arrangements will be made.

The old lacrosse players in the city are doing their best to revive interest in the game, and several of them intend to take part in the match with Vancouver.

The Victoria Lacrosse club will practise at Beacon Hill this evening, also Thursday and Friday evenings.

CRICKET.

The Seattle team will play the Vic-Victorians on the 29th inst.

It is said by those supposed to know that a second cricket club will shortly be formed in Westminster. In this case, frequent and interesting matches between the two clubs will be in order. More details will be forthcoming later on.

THE TURF

There were no races at Kent yesterday, the rain having completely spoiled the track. What was to have been yesterday's programme came off to-day.

CAREFULLY PRESERVED.

The Certificate of Character Given to a Skeena River Chief.

New York World: In March last the Sunday World printed an article describing the 3000 mile tramp of Chief Factor Robert Campbell, of the Hudson Bay Company, in 1842-3. In the year 1839 A.D. Campbell was sent by the Hudson Bay Company to the post at Hazleton, on the Skeena river with orders to close up the place and withdraw quietly out of the country. The Indians had become so troublesome and threatening that the company's property and the lives of the few employees were in danger. Mr. Campbell arrived there so late in the fall that he decided to pass the winter and return in the spring. Under his management things were quieter and the Indians gave very little trouble, but he had plenty of opportunities to see that the chief was a thorough scoundrel, though during the winter he kept very straight.

On New Year's day, 1840, the chief said to Mr. Campbell: "Give me a paper saying that you lived here this winter and found me a good and great chief and I will keep it and give it to my children to keep after I am gone."

Mr. Campbell, to humor the fellow, sat down and wrote the following, and underlined the stronger parts with red ink:

"The bearer, Suckahao, chief of the Hazelton Indians, I find to be a thief, scoundrel and liar, and it's only fear that keeps him from higher crimes.

ROBERT CAMPBELL."

Hazleton was abandoned the spring of 1840, and this remained until the summer of 1889, when Mr. Factor McFarlain was sent to that part of British Columbia to re-establish the place. At Hazleton an Indian came to Mr. McFarlain and handed him a piece of birch bark folded, and said there was a writing inside, given to his father by the last officer at that place, and that his father had told him always to keep it till the white trader came again and the paper would tell how his father had been a great and good chief.

Mr McFarlain kept from smiling while reading the paper, and as he was personally acquainted with the writer, he induced the bearer to part with it for a small consideration, saying he wished to forward it to the governor of the Hudson Bay Company. This he did, with the request, that he, the governor, would forward it to Mr. Campbell if he were still alive.

The governor of the company and several commissioned officers were in Montreal holding a special meeting, when Mr. Campbell arrived in town from England on his way to his home. At a dinner given by the governor at the Windsor, and at which Mr. Campbell was one of the guests, the former took the opportunity to return him the certificate of character he had made out in fun fifty years previous. The writing was legible, but the paper was well worn by frequent handling. The old gentleman remembered the occasion well, and over the wine he related several occurrences about his stay on the Skeena River and the good and nice chief Suckahao.

The writer of this curious coincidence was present at the dinner.

A HUDSON BAY OFFICER.

Why suffer the ills peculiar to females when Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will thoroughly eradicate every vistage of the trouble, and restore to your faded cheeks the bright, rosy glow of youth and health. Try them. Sold by all dealers, or by mail postage paid, on receipt of price (50c. a box). Address Dr. Williams Med. Co., Brockville, Ont.

Arrived O. K.

A fine stock of Razor Strops; a complete line of shaving materials, &c. Pocket Cutlery, Scissors, Table Cutlery direct from Sheffield, at Fox's, 78 Government street. Call and examine. *

Peaches, Pears, Apricots and Bananas. Dixi H. Ross & Co

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

"FOOLS."

Subject of Lecture to be given in Calvary Baptist Church,

FRIDAY EVENING, AUGUST 21

By the well-known pulpit orator and lecturer,

REV. P. S. HENSON, D.D.,

OF CHICAGO.

Dr. Henson is one of the most interesting lecturers of the States.

Admission, 50 cts. au19-2i

TENDERS WANTED

FOR SUPPLYING REFRESHMENTS AT at the Caledonian Grounds, on Saturday, 29th August. Tenders will be received by the Secretary up till Saturday, 22nd instant. No intoxicating liquors.

C. CAMERON,
Box 5. au19-td Secretary.

ANDREW LAURIDSEN,
NEW SCAVENGER,

Parties requiring my services will please leave their orders with J. P. Matthews & Co., corner Fort and Douglas streets; A. V. Rossi, corner Quadra and Johnson streets; H. Lapierre, corner Fort and Blanchard streets; W. J. Dower, corner Cook and North Park streets. Monthly contracts or job work. au19-1m

A Grand I.O.O.F. Excursion

TO

SEATTLE

ON

SATURDAY,

22 AUG. 22

The magnificent steamer

OLYMPIAN

Will leave Turner, Beeton & Co.'s wharf, Yates street, at 7 a.m. sharp, remaining six hours in Seattle, and arriving back about 11 p.m. A full brass band will accompany the excursionists.

FARE $1.50, ROUND TRIP.

Tickets may be had from the committee:—

No. 1.	No. 2.	No. 4.
W. E. Holmes,	P. Dempster.	L. Cousins.
A. G. Day.	J. Pottinger.	G. Fowler.

Or from C. G. Rawlings, General Agent U.P.R.R. office, 100 Government street; D. Hart, Government street; Gilmore & McCandless, Johnson street; H. Waller, Douglas street, and The Bookstores.

N.B.—On account of only a limited number of tickets to be sold, parties wishing to go had better obtain their tickets at once to avoid being disappointed. au14-6t

NOTICE TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

TAKE NOTICE THAT SANG SING YUEN of Nanaimo has bought out the horse, rig and stock of Tung Shang Yuen, of Fisguard street for $440 cash, and intends removing same to Nanaimo this week.

SANG SING YUEN,
42 Fisguard street.

Victoria, Aug. 17th, 1891. au17-1w

Tweed Pants,

Made to Order.

$4.00

RUSSELL McDONALD & CO.,

134 DOUGLAS STREET.

GARESCHÉ, GREEN & CO.

Established 1875.

— BANKERS —

VICTORIA, B. C.

Deposits received on liberal rates of interest.

Drafts, Orders, Telegraph Transfers and Letters of Credit issued direct on over 10,000 cities in the United States, Canada, Europe, Mexico and China.

Collections made at every point.

Gold Dust purchased at highest market rates.

—AGENTS FOR—

WELLS, FARGO & COMP'Y.

R. D. TREVOR, Commission Agent

Sole Leesee and Manager of Porter's Wharf and Warehouses, and Manager of Victoria Branch Michigan Lumber Co. (formerly The H. R. Morse Lumber Yard).

STORE -- STREET.

ROCK BAY COAL, WOOD AND LUMBER YARD,

NORTH END OF ROCK BAY BRIDGE.

TELEPHONE 512 and 470. All Orders receive prompt attention.

McINTOSH & ENDEAN,

Dealers in all kinds of Rough and Dressed Lumber, Laths, Shingles, Best New Wellington Coal, Cordwood, etc.

GOOD QUALITY AND MEASUREMENT GUARANTEED.